

- 1.6 GB/s PCI Express (8-lane) interface
- 2 channels sampled at 12-bit resolution
- 500 MS/s real-time sampling rate
- Variable frequency external clocking
- Up to 2 Gigasample dual-port memory
- Continuous streaming mode
- Low noise ±400 mV fixed input range
- AlazarDSO<sup>®</sup> oscilloscope software
- Software Development Kit supports C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB<sup>®</sup>, LabVIEW<sup>®</sup>
- Support for Windows<sup>®</sup> & Linux<sup>®</sup>



### For new designs, please use ATS9353

| Product | Bus     | Operating<br>System                 | Channels | Max. Sample<br>Rate | Bandwidth | Memory Per<br>Channel                              | Resolution |
|---------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------|--|------------|
| ATS9351 | PCIe x8 | 64-bit<br>Windows &<br>64-bit Linux | 2        | 500 MS/s            | 250 MHz   | Up to 2 Giga-<br>samples in single<br>channel mode | 12 bits    |

#### **Overview**

AlazarTech ATS®9351 is an 8-lane PCI Express (PCIe x8), dual-channel, high-speed, 12-bit, 500 MS/s waveform digitizer card capable of streaming acquired data to PC memory at rates up to 1.6 GB/s or storing it in its deep on-board dual-port acquisition memory buffer of up to 2 Gigasamples.

The main difference between ATS9351 and ATS9350 is that ATS9351 has a fixed gain input amplifier that allows analog signals to be captured with a higher signal to noise ratio compared to ATS9350

Target customers for ATS9351 are those who have control over the output amplitude of their sensor and can match it to the full scale input range of ATS9351.

For customers who need variable input gain, we recommend using the ATS9350.

Optional variable frequency external clock allows operation from 500 MHz down to 2 MHz, making ATS9351 an ideal waveform digitizer for OCT applications.

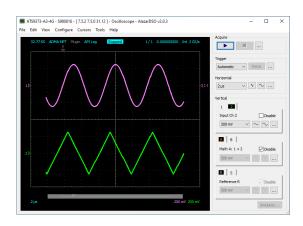
ATS9351 is supplied with AlazarDSO software that lets the user get started immediately without having to go through a software development process.

Users who need to integrate the ATS9351 in their own program can purchase a software development kit, ATS-SDK, for C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, LabVIEW for both Windows and Linux operating systems.

All of this advanced functionality is packaged in a low-power, half-length PCI Express card.

#### **Applications**

Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT)
Ultrasonic & Eddy Current NDT/NDE
Radar/RF Signal Recording & Analysis
Terabyte Storage Oscilloscope
High-Resolution Oscilloscope
Lidar
Spectroscopy
Digital Down Conversion (DDC)
Multi-Channel Transient Recording





#### **PCI Express Bus Interface**

ATS9351 interfaces to the host computer using an 8-lane PCI Express bus. Each lane operates at 2.5 Gbps. PCIe bus specification v1.0a and v1.1 are supported.

According to PCIe specification, an 8-lane board can be plugged into any 8-lane or 16-lane slot, but not into a 4-lane or 1-lane slot. As such, ATS9351 requires at least one free 8-lane or 16-lane slot on the motherboard.

The physical and logical PCIe x8 interface is provided by an on-board FPGA, which also integrates acquisition control functions, memory management functions and acquisition datapath. This very high degree of integration maximizes product reliability.

The AlazarTech® 1.6 GB/s benchmark was done on an ASUS® WS X299 SAGE motherboard.

Users must always be wary of throughput specifications from manufacturers of waveform digitizers. Some unscrupulous manufacturers tend to specify the raw, burst-mode throughput of the bus. AlazarTech, on the other hand, specifies the benchmarked sustained throughput. To achieve such high throughput, a great deal of proprietary memory management logic and kernel mode drivers have been designed.

#### **Analog Input**

An ATS9351 features two analog input channels. Each channel has up to 250 MHz of full power analog input bandwidth with fixed DC-coupling and  $\pm 400$  mV input range.

The fixed gain analog front-end electronics allows ATS9351 to provide almost 6 dB improvement in signal to noise ratio compared to the ATS9350.

It should be noted that CH A and CH B connectors on ATS9351 are of female SMA type.

#### **Acquisition System**

ATS9351 PCI Express digitizers use state-of-the-art 500 MSPS, 12-bit ADCs to digitize the input signals. The real-time sampling rate ranges from 500 MS/s down to 1 KS/s for internal clock and 2 MS/s for external clock.

The two channels are guaranteed to be simultaneous, as the two ADCs use a common clock.

An acquisition can consist of multiple records, with each record being captured as a result of one trigger event. A record can contain both pre-trigger and post-trigger data.

Infinite number of triggers can be captured by ATS9351 when it is operating using dual-port memory.

In between the multiple triggers being captured, the acquisition system is re-armed by the hardware within 256 sampling clock cycles.

This mode of capture, sometimes referred to as Multiple Record, is very useful for capturing data in applications with a very rapid or unpredictable trigger rate. Examples of such applications include medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, OCT and NMR spectroscopy.

#### **On-Board Acquisition Memory**

ATS9351 supports on-board memory buffers of 128 Megasamples, 1 Gigasamples and 2 Gigasamples.

Acquisition memory can either be divided equally between the two input channels or devoted entirely to one of the channels.

There are two distinct advantages of having on-board memory:

First, a snapshot of the ADC data can be stored into this acquisition memory at full acquisition speed of 2 ch \* 500 MS/s \* 2 bytes per sample = 2 Gigabytes per second, which is higher than the maximum PCIe x8 bus throughput of 1.6 GB/s.

Second, and more importantly, on-board memory can also act as a very deep FIFO between the Analog-to-Digital converters and PCI Express bus, allowing very fast sustained data transfers across the bus, even if the operating system or another motherboard resource temporarily interrupts DMA transfers.

#### **Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate**

PCI Express support on different motherboards is not always the same, resulting in significantly different sustained data transfer rates. The reasons behind these differences are complex and varied and will not be discussed here.

ATS9351 users can quickly determine the maximum sustained transfer rate for their motherboard by inserting their card in a PCIe slot and running the bus benchmarking tool provided in AlazarDSO for Windows or AlazarFrontPanel for Linux.

ATS9351, which is equipped with dual-port on-board memory, will be able to achieve this maximum sustained transfer rate.

#### **Recommended Motherboards or PCs**

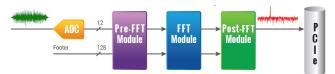
Many different types of motherboards and PCs have been benchmarked by AlazarTech. The ones that have produced the best throughput results (as high as 1.7 GB/s for PCIe Gen 1) are listed here: www.alazartech.com/images-media/2246-AlazarTechRecommendedMotherboards.pdf.

It should be noted that some motherboards may behave unexpectedly. For example, one customer purchased a P6T6 motherboard (instead of P6T7) and found that the throughput was limited to approximately 800 MB/s because P6T6 only supports 4-lane PCI Express connection, even though it uses the same x58 chipset.



#### **FPGA-Based FFT Processing**

It is possible to do real-time FFT signal processing using the on-board FPGA. Note that only one input can be processed.



Up to 2048-point FFT length is supported. A user programmable complex windowing function can be applied to the acquired data before FFT calculation.

The complex FFT output is converted to magnitude in single precision floating-point format. A logarithmic output is also available.

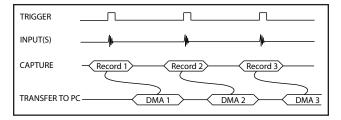
It is also possible to DMA both frequency and time domain data. This allows users to verify FPGA-based FFT operation during algorithm development.

ATS9351 can perform 100,000 2048-point FFTs per second.

FPGA-based FFT is ideal for customers in the Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) field.

#### **Traditional AutoDMA**

In order to acquire both pre-trigger and post-trigger data in a dual-ported memory environment, users can use Traditional AutoDMA.



Data is returned to the user in buffers, where each buffer can contain from 1 to 8191 records (triggers). This number is called RecordsPerBuffer.

Users can also specify that each record should come with its own header that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp.

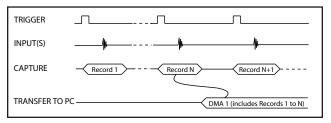
A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted if more than 512 buffers have been acquired by the acquisition system, but not transferred to host PC memory by the AutoDMA engine.

In other words, a BUFFER\_OVERFLOW can occur if more than 512 triggers occur in very rapid succession, even if all the on-board memory has not been used up.

#### No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA

Many ultrasonic scanning and medical imaging applications do not need any pre-trigger data: only post-trigger data is sufficient.

NPT AutoDMA is designed specifically for these applications. By only storing post-trigger data, the memory bandwidth is optimized and the entire onboard memory acts like a very deep FIFO.



Note that a DMA is not started until RecordsPerBuffer number of records (triggers) have been acquired and written to the on-board memory.

NPT AutoDMA buffers do not include headers. However, users can specify that each record should come with its own footer that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp. The footer is called NPT Footer.

More importantly, a BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up. This provides a very substantial improvement over Traditional AutoDMA.

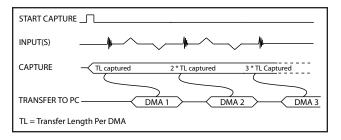
NPT AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow.

This is the recommended mode of operation for most ultrasonic scanning, OCT and medical imaging applications.

#### **Continuous AutoDMA**

Continuous AutoDMA is also known as the data streaming mode.

In this mode, data starts streaming across the PCIe bus as soon as the ATS9351 is armed for acquisition. It is important to note that triggering is disabled in this mode.



Continuous AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

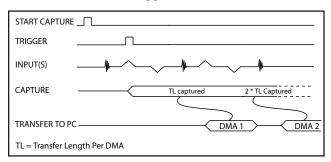
The amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.



Continuous AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for very long signal recording.

#### **Triggered Streaming AutoDMA**

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA is virtually the same as Continuous mode, except the data transfer across the bus is held off until a trigger event has been detected.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

As in Continuous mode, the amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for RF signal recording that has to be started at a specific time, e.g. based on a GPS pulse.

#### **Disk Storage**

When a waveform digitizer generates sustained data throughput at these very high rates, one of the major system-level challenges is to store that data in a disk drive.

If the total data storage requirement is in the 10 GByte range, it is possible to store acquired data in the computer's memory using a RAMDisk. Of course, the host computer must have enough memory installed, but that is becoming easier to do with modern computers.

If total data storage requirement is greater than what can be stored in the host computer's memory, it is essential to build a RAID 0 array using high-speed disk drives and one or more hardware RAID controllers. One example of such a RAID-based data storage system is AlazarStream family of products.

#### **Real-time Signal Processing**

One of the unique features of AlazarTech's waveform digitizer product line is that acquired data is available for real-time signal processing by the host CPU.

What makes this very powerful is the fact that most modern CPUs have multiple cores, which can be used to do real-time signal processing using parallel processing principles.

If your algorithm can be written to take advantage of parallel processing, this may be a very cost-effective solution for signal processing applications.

AlazarTech has been able to demonstrate that a 2.4 GHz, quad-core CPU can do real-time averaging of acquired data at 1.5 GB/s while using up only 25% of CPU cycles. A faster CPU or a CPU with more cores can do signal processing even faster.

#### **Leader/Follower Systems**

Users can create a multi-board Leader/Follower system by synchronizing up to four ATS9351 boards using an appropriate SyncBoard-9351.

SyncBoard-9351 is a mezzanine board that connects to the Leader/Follower connector along the top edge of the ATS9351 and sits parallel to the motherboard. For additional robustness, users can secure the SyncBoard-9351 to a bracket mounted on each of the ATS9351 boards.

SyncBoard-9351 is available in different widths: 2x, 4x, 2x-W, 3x-W or 4x-W.

SyncBoards with the -W suffix provide 2-slot spacing between ATS9351 cards to support some of the newer motherboards that space out the on-board x8 or x16 slots by two slots. The -W SyncBoards are also a better solution from thermal point of view, as there

The 2x and 2x-W models allow a 2-board Leader/Follower system; the 3x-W model allows a 2 or 3-board Leader/Follower system; and the 4x and 4x-W models allow 2, 3 or 4 board Leader/Follower systems.

is better air flow with 2-slot spacing.

The Leader board's clock and trigger signals are copied by the SyncBoard-9351 and supplied to all the Follower boards. This guarantees complete synchronization between the Leader board and all Follower boards.

It should be noted that SyncBoard-9351 does not use a PLL-based clock buffer, allowing the use of variable frequency clocks in Leader/Follower configuration.

A Leader/Follower system samples all inputs simultaneously and also triggers simultaneously on the same clock edge.

#### **Multi-board Systems using ATS 4X1G**

ATS9351: Sync 4X1G is a device that allows simultaneous sampling across multiple independent ATS9351 waveform digitizers. This is achieved by providing common clock and trigger signals to each digitizer.



Sync 4X1G supports Trigger Enable and Trigger Disable so that users can delay triggering until all digitizers are armed; this is a distinct advantage over passive signal splitters.

ATS Sync 4X1G comes with a software library that allows user software to control it.

Sync 4X1G interfaces to AlazarTech digitizer cards using a proprietary high-frequency cable. The provided cable terminates in a ganged micro-miniature RF connector, which is used to connect to the Sync 4X1G.



The other end of the cable terminates in male SMA and BNC connectors, which are used to connect to the digitizer External Clock and External Trigger respectively.

Sync 4X1G connects to the host computer using a provided USB cable. Please refer to the <u>ATS Sync 4X1G datasheet</u> for full specifications.

#### **Asynchronous DMA Driver**

The various AutoDMA schemes discussed above provide hardware support for optimal data transfer. However, a corresponding high-performance software mechanism is also required to make sure sustained data transfer can be achieved.

This proprietary software mechanism is called Async DMA (short for Asynchronous DMA).

A number of data buffers are posted by the application software. Once a data buffer is filled, i.e. a DMA has been completed, ATS9351 hardware generates an interrupt, causing an event message to be sent to the application so it can start consuming data. Once the data has been consumed, the application can post the data buffer back on the queue. This can go on indefinitely.

One of the great advantages of Async DMA is that almost 95% of CPU cycles are available for data processing, as all DMA arming is done on an event-driven basis.

To the best of our knowledge, no other supplier of waveform digitizers provides asynchronous software drivers. Their synchronous drivers force the CPU to manage data acquisition, thereby slowing down the overall data acquisition process.

#### **Output Data Format**

By default, ATS9351 data comes out as unsigned binary, where code 0 represents the negative full scale, code  $(2^{n}-1)$  represents the positive full scale with zero being  $2^{n-1}$ .

It is possible to change the data format to signed

binary using an API call. In signed binary format, zero is represented by code 0, positive full scale is represented by  $(2^{n-1}-1)$  and negative full scale is represented by  $(2^{n-1})$ .

#### **Triggering**

ATS9351 is equipped with sophisticated digital triggering options, such as programmable trigger thresholds and slope on any of the input channels or the External Trigger input.

It is also possible to trigger the ATS9351 using a TTL trigger signal with relatively high input impedance of 6.66 k $\Omega$ . This is very useful in imaging applications that use a trigger signal that cannot drive a 50  $\Omega$  load.

While most oscilloscopes offer only one trigger engine, ATS9351 offers 2 trigger engines (called Engines J and K).

The user can specify the number of records to capture in an acquisition, the length of each record and the amount of pre-trigger data.

A programmable trigger delay can also be set by the user. This is very useful for capturing the signal of interest in a pulse-echo application, such as ultrasound, radar, lidar etc.

#### **External Trigger Input**

The external trigger input on the ATS9351 is labeled TRIG IN on the face plate.

By default, the input impedance of this input is 50  $\Omega$  and the full scale input range is  $\pm 3$  Volts. The trigger signal is treated as an analog signal in this situation and a high-speed comparator receives the signal.

It is also possible to setup the ATS9351 to trigger off a TTL signal. Input impedance is approximately 6.66 k $\Omega$  in this mode.

#### **Timebase**

ATS9351 timebase can be controlled either by onboard low-jitter VCO or by optional External Clock.

On-board low-jitter VCO uses an on-board 10 MHz TCXO as a reference clock.

#### **Optional External Clock**

While the ATS9351 features low-jitter VCO and a 10 MHz TCXO as the source of the timebase system, there may be occasions when digitizing has to be synchronized to an external clock source.

ATS9351 External Clock option provides an SMA input for an external clock signal, which should be a high slew rate signal or LVTTL signal.

Input impedance for the External Clock input is fixed at  $50~\Omega$ . External clock input is always AC-coupled.

There are three types of External Clock supported by ATS9351. These are described below.

# AlazarTech

## ATS935I 500 MS/s I2-Bit PCIe OEM Digitizer

#### **Fast External Clock**

A new sample is taken by the on-board ADCs for each rising edge of this External Clock signal.

In order to satisfy the clocking requirements of the ADC chips being used, Fast External Clock frequency must always be higher than 2 MHz and lower than 500 MHz.

This is the ideal clocking scheme for OCT applications.

#### **Slow External Clock**

This type of clock should be used when the clock frequency is either too slow or is a burst-type clock. Both these types of clock do not satisfy the minimum clock requirements listed above for Fast External Clock.

In this mode, the ATS9351 ADCs are run at a preset internal clock frequency. The user-supplied Slow External Clock signal is then monitored for low-to-high transitions. Each time there is such a transition, a new sample is stored into the on-board memory.

It should be noted that there can be a 0 to +8 ns sampling jitter when Slow External Clock is being used, as the internal ADC clock is not synchronized to the user-supplied clock.

#### **10 MHz Reference Clock**

It is possible to generate the sampling clock based on an external 10 MHz reference input. This is useful for RF systems that use a common 10 MHz reference clock.

ATS9351 uses an on-board low-jitter VCO to generate the 500 MHz high-frequency clock used by the ADC. This 500 MHz sampling clock can then be decimated by a factor of 1, 2, 5, 10 or any other integer value that is divisible by 5.

#### **OCT Ignore Bad Clock**

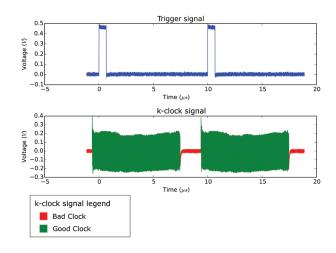
The ADCs used on the ATS9351 require the external clock frequency to be above 2 MHz and lower than 500 MHz. In OCT applications, these limits cannot always be respected due to the nature of the optical source.

AlazarTech's OCT Ignore Bad Clock technology, allows safe operation with these out-of-specification clocks without requiring the use of a dummy clock in the source.

Users must set the trigger source to be External Trigger input (TRIG IN) when using OCT Ignore Bad Clock. The External Trigger must be set in TTL input range. If these two conditions are not met, the OCT Ignore Bad Clock circuitry will not function.

Firmware version 21.01+, driver version 5.10.6+ and SDK 7.1.3+ are required to take advantage of OCT Ignore Bad Clock. For existing customers, these firmware and driver versions are available for download from AlazarTech's website free of charge.

See <a href="https://www.alazartech.com/en/technology/oct-ignore-bad-clock/">www.alazartech.com/en/technology/oct-ignore-bad-clock/</a> for more information on this technology.



#### **AUX Connector**

ATS9351 provides an AUX (Auxiliary) BNC connector that is configured as a Trigger Output connector by default.

When configured as a Trigger Output, AUX BNC connector outputs a 5 Volt TTL signal synchronous to the ATS9351 Trigger signal, allowing users to synchronize their test systems to the ATS9351 Trigger.

When combined with the Trigger Delay feature of the ATS9351, this option is ideal for ultrasonic and other pulse-echo imaging applications.

AUX connector can also be used as a Trigger Enable Input, or "Frame Trigger" input, which can be used to acquire complete frames, or B-scans, in imaging applications. In fact, this is the most popular use of the AUX connector in OCT applications.

#### **Calibration**

Every ATS9351 digitizer is factory calibrated to NIST- or CNRC-traceable standards. To recalibrate an ATS9351, the digitizer must be shipped back to the factory.

#### **On-Board Monitoring**

Adding to the reliability offered by ATS9351 are the on-board diagnostic circuits that constantly monitor over 20 different voltages, currents and temperatures. LED alarms are activated if any of the values surpass the limits.

#### **AlazarDSO Software**

ATS9351 is supplied with the powerful AlazarDSO software that allows the user to setup the acquisition hardware and capture, display and archive the signals.

The Stream-To-Memory command in AlazarDSO allows users to stream a large dataset to motherboard memory.

AlazarDSO software also includes powerful tools for benchmarking the computer bus and disk drive.



#### **Software Development Kits**

AlazarTech provides an easy-to-use software development kit for customers who want to integrate the ATS9351 into their own software.

A Windows-compatible software development kit, called ATS-SDK, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW.

A Linux-compatible software development kit, called ATS-devel, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C++ and Python.

These programs can fully control the ATS9351 and acquire data in user buffers.

The purchase of an ATS-SDK license includes a subscription that allows users to download ATS-SDK updates from the AlazarTech website for period of 12 months from the date of purchase.

Customers who want to download new releases beyond this 12 month period should purchase extended maintenance (order number ATS-SDK-1YR).

#### **ATS-GPU**

ATS-GPU is a software library developed by AlazarTech to allow users to do real-time data transfer from ATS9351 to a GPU card at rates up to 1.6 GB/s.

Interfacing waveform digitizers to GPUs involves creating a software mechanism to move data from one to the other and back to user buffers. The standard techniques used most often can get the job done, but feature very low data throughput due to software overheads.

AlazarTech designed ATS-GPU to eliminate this software bottleneck so that data can be moved from AlazarTech digitizers to GPUs and from GPUs to user buffers at full PCIe bus speeds. Once the data is available in GPU memory, many types of digital signal processing (DSP) can be done on this data at near-hardware speeds.

**ATS-GPU-BASE** is supplied with an example user application in source code. The application includes GPU kernels that use ATS-GPU to receive data, do very simple signal processing (data inversion), and copy the processed (inverted) data back to a user buffer. All this is done at the highest possible data transfer rate.

Programmers can replace the data inversion code with application-specific signal processing kernels to develop custom applications.

Version 23.1.0 and higher of ATS-GPU-BASE includes a Boxcar Averaging example kernel that provides the ability to perform real-time boxcar averaging on signals acquired by AlazarTech waveform digitizers. It uses optimized GPU routines that allow raw data acquisition rates up to 6.9 GB/s. This signal processing module can lead to a major improvement of

signal-to-noise ratio without using CPU resources and without doing FPGA programming.

**ATS-GPU-OCT** is the optional OCT Signal Processing library for ATS-GPU. It contains floating-point FFT routines that have also been optimized to provide the maximum number of FFTs per second. Kernel code running on the GPU can do zero-padding, apply a windowing function, do a floating-point FFT, calculate the amplitude and convert the result to a log scale. It is also possible to output phase information.

FFTs can be done on triggered data or on continuous gapless stream of data. It is also possible to do spectral averaging. Our benchmarks showed that it was possible to do 480,000 FFTs per second when capturing data in dual-channel mode and using a NVIDIA® Quadro® P5000 GPU.

**ATS-GPU-NUFFT** is an extension of ATS-GPU-OCT that allows non-uniform FFTs to be performed on data acquired uniformly in time domain using a fixed sampling rate. For SS-OCTs where the wavelength does not vary linearly in time, a fixed sampling rate results in data that is non-uniformly distributed in frequency domain. ATS-GPU-NUFFT allows linearized FFTs to be performed on such data.

ATS-GPU supports 64-bit Windows and 64-bit Linux for CUDA®-based development.

#### **Support for Windows**

Windows support for ATS9351 includes Windows 11, Windows 10, Windows Server® 2019, and Windows Server 2016. As Windows Server 2019 and 2016 are seldom used by our customers, they are expected to work but are not regularly tested with each software release. If there are issues related to Windows Server 2016 or 2019, tech support may not be as rapid as for other operating systems.

Only 64-bit Windows operating systems are supported. The last 32-bit Windows driver is version 5.10.24, which supports Windows 7.

Microsoft mainstream support ended in 2018 for Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2. As such, AlazarTech has ceased development on these operating systems. Current software and driver releases may work with these operating systems but they are not officially supported.

Due to lack of demand and due to the fact that Microsoft no longer supports these operating systems, AlazarTech no longer supports Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008 R2, and Windows Server 2008.

#### **Linux Support**

AlazarTech offers Dynamic Kernel Module Support (DKMS) drivers for the following Linux distributions: Ubuntu, Debian, and RHEL®.



AlazarTech DKMS drivers may work for other Linux distributions but they have not been tested and technical support may be limited.

Users can download the DKMS driver and associated library for their specific distribution here:

www.alazartech.com/en/linux-drivers/ats9351/9/

Only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported.

A GUI application called AlazarFrontPanel that allows simple data acquisition and display is also provided.

ATS-SDK includes source code example programs for Linux, which demonstrate how to acquire data programmatically using a C compiler. Note that example programs are only provided for Python and C++.

Based on a minimum annual business commitment, the Linux driver source code license (order number ATS9351-LINUX) may be granted to qualified OEM customers for a fee. For release of driver source code, a Non-Disclosure Agreement must be executed between the customer's organization and AlazarTech.

All such source code disclosures are made on an as-is basis with limited support from the factory.

#### **Accessories for Out-of-Warranty Products**

Accessories, such as SyncBoards, purchased for use with in-warranty digitizer cards will be covered by a 1-year warranty.

Accessories purchased for use with out-of-warranty digitizers will not be warranted against defects in materials and workmanship. As AlazarTech cannot verify with certainty that the cause of any malfunction is not due to the non-warranted digitizer, accessories purchased for out-of-warranty digitizers will require a warranty waiver.

#### **Upgrading Your Digitizer in The Field**

It is always recommended to get upgrades installed at the factory with the initial digitizer purchase.

If the digitizer is still under warranty, it may be possible to add certain upgrades in the field, but there is a small chance that the upgrade will not work, in which case the digitizer would need to be returned to the factory to complete the upgrade.

If the digitizer is no longer under warranty, the upgrade must be done at the factory and there will be a minimum service charge in addition to the cost of the upgrade. This is so that AlazarTech can verify that the digitizer meets basic performance levels prior to any upgrade.

#### **Technical Support**

AlazarTech is known for its world-class technical support. Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty.

AlazarTech digitizers come with a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. This warranty can be extended for a fee (more information can be found in the *Extended Warranty* section below).

If your waveform digitizer is out of warranty, you will not be eligible for free technical support on AlazarTech hardware or software products and you will need to purchase technical support hours (order number SUPPORT-HR5) to obtain assistance.

In addition, any necessary repairs to your out-ofwarranty hardware products will carry a minimum bench charge.

#### **Extended Warranty**

The purchase of an ATS9351 includes a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. AlazarTech hardware parts and labor warranty should be maintained to ensure uninterrupted access to technical support and warranty repair services.

Customers may extend their warranty by ordering the appropriate Extended Warranty:

ATS9351-061 for ATS9351-128M ATS9351-062 for ATS9351-1G ATS9351-063 for ATS9351-2G

This should be purchased before expiration of the standard warranty (or before expiration of an Extended Warranty).

If the warranty lapses, renewal at a later date will be subject to a reinstatement fee, to cover the administrative costs of warranty reinstatement, and a 6-month waiting period for repair claims. Furthermore, warranty must be extended at least 6 months past the current date.

Users can purchase up to 4 (four) additional years of warranty extensions for a maximum total of 5 years of warranty.

Get your warranty end date by registering your product at: <a href="https://www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/">www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/</a>.

#### **Export Control Classification**

According to the Export Controls Division of Government of Canada, ATS9351 is currently not controlled for export from Canada. Its export control classification is N8, which is equivalent to ECCN EAR99. ATS9351 can be shipped freely outside of Canada, with the exception of countries listed on the *Area Control List* and *Sanctions List*. Furthermore, if the end-use of ATS9351, in part or in its entirety, is related to the development or deployment of weapons of mass destruction, AlazarTech is obliged to apply for an export permit.

#### **RoHS Compliance**

ATS9351 is fully RoHS compliant, as defined by Directive 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2015 on the



restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

All manufacturing is done using RoHS-compliant components and lead-free soldering.

#### **REACH Compliance**

AlazarTech verifies its supply chain against the latest REACH requirements. A compliance statement is usually available within 6 months of release of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) updated substance of very high concern (SVHC), Authorizations, and Restrictions lists.

#### **EC Conformity**

ATS9351 conforms to the following standards:

Electromagnetic Emissions:

CISPR 32:2015/AMD1:2019 /

EN 55032:2015/A11:2020 (Class A):

Multimedia Equipment (MME). Radio disturbance characteristics. Limits and method of measurement: EN 61000-3-2:2014, EN 61000-3-3:2013.

Electromagnetic Immunity:

CISPR 24:2010 / EN55024:2010:

Multimedia Equipment (MME) Immunity characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement.

Safety:

IEC 62368-1:2014 / EN 62368-1:2014+A11:2017: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements.

ATS9351 also follows the provisions of the following directives: 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Equipment); 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

#### FCC & ICES-003 Compliance

ATS9351 has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15, subpart B of the FCC Rules, and the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 issue 7 October 2020.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

| ATS9351-128M  | ATS9351-002  |
|---|--------------|
| ATS9351-1G  | ATS9351-003  |
| ATS9351-2G  | ATS9351-004  |
| ATS9351: External Clock Upgrade   | ATS9351-005  |
| SyncBoard-9351 2x   | ATS9351-006  |
| SyncBoard-9351 4x   | ATS9351-007  |
| ATS9351-128M to 1G Upgrade  | ATS9351-010  |
| ATS9351-128M to 2G Upgrade  | ATS9351-011  |
| ATS9351-1G to 2G Upgrade  | ATS9351-012  |
| SyncBoard-9351 2x-W   | ATS9351-020  |
| SyncBoard-9351 3x-W   | ATS9351-021  |
| SyncBoard-9351 4x-W   | ATS9351-022  |
| ATS9351-128M: One Year Extended Warranty  | ATS9351-061  |
| ATS9351-1G: One Year Extended Warranty  | ATS9351-062  |
| ATS9351-2G: One Year Extended Warranty  | ATS9351-063  |
| ATS9351: Sync 4X1G  | ATS9351-025  |
| ATS Sync xX1G: AC Wall Adapter  | SYNC-X1G-PWR |
| ATS Sync 4X1G: GRF1-SMA/BNC cable   | SYNC-4X1-CBL |
| SYNC-4X1G: One Year Extended Warranty   | SYNC-4X1-061 |
| ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU: License + 1 Year Subscription (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW | ATS-SDK      |

ATS-SDK purchased separately: ATS-SDK-WOD License + 1 Year Subscription + 5 hours of technical support

(Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW)

ATS-GPU-BASE: GPU Streaming Library ATSGPU-001 License + 1 Year Subscription

ATS-GPU-OCT: Signal Processing Library ATSGPU-101 License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001)

ATS-GPU-NUFFT: ATS-GPU-OCT Extension ATSGPU-201 for fixed-frequency sampled data

License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101)

5 Hours of technical support SUPPORT-HR5



#### **System Requirements**

Personal computer with at least one free x8 or x16 PCI Express (v1.0a, v1.1 or v2.0) slot, 2 GB RAM, 100 MB of free hard disk space, SVGA display adaptor and monitor with at least a 1024 x 768 resolution.

#### **Power Requirements**

+12 V 1.2 A, typical +3.3 V 1.1 A, typical

#### **Physical**

Size Single slot, half length PCI Express

card (4.377 x 6.5 inches excluding the connectors protruding from the

front panel)

250 g Weight

#### I/O Connectors

CH A, CH B, ECLK SMA female connector TRIG IN, AUX I/O BNC female connectors

#### **Environmental**

Operating temperature 0 to 55 degrees Celsius, ambient Storage temperature -20 to 70 degrees Celsius Relative humidity 5 to 95%, non-condensing

#### **Acquisition System**

Resolution 12 bits

Bandwidth (-3 dB)

DC-coupled, 50  $\Omega$ DC - 250 MHz,

Number of channels 2, simultaneously sampled Maximum sample rate 500 MS/s single shot

Minimum sample rate 1 KS/s single shot for internal

clocking

Full scale input range ±400 mV

±2% of full scale in all ranges DC accuracy

Input coupling DC.  $50 \Omega \pm 1\%$ Input impedance

Absolute maximum input

±1 V (DC + peak AC without CH A, CH B

external attenuation)

TRIG IN ±4 V (DC + peak AC without

external attenuation)

AUX I/O -0.7 V to +5.5 V

#### **Acquisition Memory System**

Memory size 128 MegaSamples, 1 GigaSamples

or 2 GigaSamples

Software-selectable with 32-point Record length

resolution. Record length must be a minimum of 256 points. There is no upper limit on the maximum record length.

Software-selectable from a Number of records minimum of 1 to a maximum of

infinite number of records

Pre-trigger depth From 0 to 4080 for single channel

in NPT mode

From 0 to 2040 for dual channel

in NPT mode

Post-trigger depth Record Length - Pre-Trigger Depth

#### **Timebase System**

Timebase options Internal Clock or

External Clock (Optional)

Internal sample rates 500 MS/s, 250 MS/s, 100 MS/s,

50 MS/s, 20 MS/s, 10 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2 MS/s, 1 MS/s, 500 KS/s, 200 KS/s, 100 KS/s, 50 KS/s, 20 KS/s,

10 KS/s, 5 KS/s, 2 KS/s, 1 KS/s

Internal clock accuracy ±2 ppm

#### **Dynamic Parameters**

Typical values measured on the 400 mV range of CH A of a randomly selected ATS9351. Input signal was provided by a Rohde & Schwarz SMB100A signal generator, followed by a 9-pole, 10 MHz band-pass filter (TTE Q36T-10M-1M-50-720BMF). Input frequency was set at 9.9 MHz and output amplitude was 270 mV rms at the board's input, which is approximately 95% of the full scale input.

SNR 54.50 dB SINAD 53.90 dB **SFDR** 73.88 dB THD -68.22 dB **ENOB** 8.76

Note that these dynamic parameters may vary from one unit to another, with input frequency and with the full scale input range selected.

#### **Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input**

Input impedance 50 Ω Input coupling AC

**Fast External Clock** 

500 mV<sub>P-P</sub> to 2  $V_{P-P}$ Signal level

Maximum frequency 500 MHz Minimum frequency 2 MHz Sampling edge Rising

#### **Slow External Clock**

Signal Level 3.3 V LVTTL Maximum frequency 60 MHz Minimum frequency DC

#### **Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input**

Signal level 500 mV<sub>P-P</sub> to 2  $V_{P-P}$  Sine wave or

square wave

Input impedance 50 Ω Input coupling

Input frequency  $10 \text{ MHz} \pm 0.1 \text{ MHz}$ 

Maximum frequency 10.1 MHz Minimum frequency 9.9 MHz Sampling clock freq. 500 MHz



**Triggering System** 

Mode Edge triggering with hysteresis

Comparator type Digital comparators for internal (CH A, CH B) triggering and

software-selectable analog comparators or TTL gate for TRIG IN (External) triggering

Number of trigger engines 2

Trigger engine combination Engine J, engine K, J OR K,

software-selectable

Trigger engine source CH A, CH B, TRIG IN, Software

or None, independently softwareselectable for each of the two

**Trigger Engines** 

Hysteresis  $\pm 5\%$  of full scale input, typical

Trigger sensitivity  $\pm 10\%$  of full scale input range,

except for TTL triggering for EXT. This implies that the trigger system may not trigger reliably if the input has an amplitude less than  $\pm 10\%$  of full scale input range selected

Trigger level accuracy  $\pm 5\%$ , typical, of full scale input

range of the selected trigger source

Bandwidth 250 MHz

Trigger delay Software-selectable from 0 to

9,999,999 sampling clock cycles

Trigger timeout Software-selectable with a 10

µs resolution. Maximum settable value is 3,600 seconds. Can also be disabled to wait indefinitely for

a trigger event

TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input

Input type Analog or TTL, software-selectable

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Input coupling} & \text{DC only} \\ \text{Analog input impedance} & 50~\Omega \end{array}$ 

Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) DC - 250 MHz

Analog input range ±3 V

Analog DC accuracy  $\pm 10\%$  of full scale input Analog absolute max. input  $\pm 4$  V (DC + peak AC without

external attenuation)

TTL input impedance 6.66 k $\Omega$  ±10%

TTL min. pulse width 32 ADC sampling clocks

TTL min. pulse amplitude 2 Volts

TTL absolute max. input -0.7 V to + 5.5 V

**Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)** 

Signal direction Input or Output, software-select-

able. Trigger Output by default

Output types: Trigger Output,

Pacer (programmable clock) Output,

Software-controlled Digital Output

Input types: Trigger Enable

Software readable Digital Input

Output

Amplitude: 5 Volt TTL

Synchronization: Synchronized to a clock derived

from the ADC sampling clock. Divide-by-4 clock (dual channel mode) or divide-by-8 clock (single

channel mode)

Input

Amplitude: 3.3 Volt TTL (5 Volt-compliant)

Input coupling: DC

**Materials Supplied** 

ATS9351 PCI Express Card

ATS9351 Installation Disk (on USB Flash Drive)

**Certification and Compliances** 

RoHS 3 (Directive 2015/863/EU) Compliance

**REACH Compliance** 

CE Marking — EC Conformity

FCC Part 15 Class A / ICES-003 Class A Compliance

All specifications are subject to change without notice

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E-MAIL: sales@alazartech.com



#### **DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY** Changes from version 1.9 (Dec 2023) to version 1.9Q Section, Page Added section on ATS9351: Sync 4X1G Multi-board Systems using ATS 4X1G, pg. 5 Modified warranty reinstatement fee information Extended Warranty, pg. 8 Added Sync 4X1G, its accessories and extended warranty: Ordering Information, pg. 9 ATS9351-025, SYNC-X1G-PWR, SYNC-4X1-CBL, SYNC-4X1-061 Specified that Operating temperature is ambient Environmental, pg. 10 Changes from version 1.90 (Nov 2022) to version 1.9P Section, Page Corrected unsigned binary positive full scale to $2^{n-1}$ (was incorrectly stated as $2^{n-1}$ .), Output Data Format, pg. 5 corrected signed binary positive full scale to $2^{n-1}-1$ (was incorrectly stated as $2^{n-2}-1$ ) and negative full scale $2^{n-1}$ (was incorrectly stated as $2^{n-2}$ ). Added note about trigger source OCT Ignore Bad Clock, pg. 6 Added paragraph on Boxcar Averaging for ATS-GPU-BASE ATS-GPU, pg. 7 Modified to include new warranty reinstatement policy Extended Warranty, pg. 8 Added section for REACH Compliance REACH Compliance, pg. 8 Triggering System, pg. 10 Trigger Engine Source: Corrected label for External Trigger from EXT to TRIG IN Added REACH Compliance to list of Certification and Compliances Certification and Compliances, pg. 10 Changes from version 1.9N (July 2022) to version 1.90 Section, Page Removed 32-bit Windows Feature Table, pg. 1 Added new section to specify default output data format is unsigned binary Output Data Format, pg. 5 and that it can be changed to signed binary via an API call. Separate description for Linux SDK to detail supported programming languages Software Development Kits, pg. 6 Noted that only 64-bit Windows is supported and that the last driver version that Support for Windows, pg. 7 supports 32-bit Windows is 5.10.24. Updated download link for the Linux driver and associated library, and Linux Support, pg. 7 added note: ATS-SDK example programs are only provided for Python and C++ Added new section to detail AlazarTech's accessory policy Accessories for Out-of-Warranty Products, pg. 7 Added new section to detail AlazarTech's upgrade policy Upgrading Your Digitizer in The Field, pg. 7 Section, Page Changes from version 1.9M (Nov 2021) to version 1.9N Changes to maintenance subscription inclusions: removed technical support Software Development Kits, pg. 6 Added Windows 11 Support for Windows, pg. 7 Added new section to specify how AlazarTech handles technical support: Technical Support, pg. 7 Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty. Out-of-warranty support requires the purchase of support hours. Updated specification name from Input protection to Absolute maximum input Acquisition System, pg. 9 Actual value did not change. Updated specification name from Input protection to Absolute maximum input TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 10 Actual value did not change. Updated name for product Software Development Kit Ordering Information, pg. 10 Now called: ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU Added products ATS-SDK-WOD and SUPPORT-HR5 Ordering Information, pg. 10 Section, Page Changes from version 1.9L (Oct 2021) to version 1.9M Added note to advise that ATS9351 is not recommended for new designs pg. 1 Suggested replacement is ATS9353 Changed term for multi-board system to Leader/Follower Leader/Follower Systems, pg. 4 Specified number of extended warranties that users may purchase Extended Warranty, pg. 7 Changes from version 1.9K (June 2021) to version 1.9L Section, Page Updated support status for Windows 8.x and Windows Server versions 2012 R2, 2016, 2019 Support for Windows, pg. 7 Updated Linux Support: only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported Linux Support, pg. 7

Changed terminology from Information Technology Equipment (ITE) to Multimedia Equipment (MME)

EC Conformity, pg. 8



#### **DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY** Changes from version 1.9J (Apr 2020) to version 1.9K Section, Page Updated motherboard used for benchmarking PCI Express Bus Interface, pg. 2 Updated OCT Ignore Bad Clock URL OCT Ignore Bad Clock, pg. 6 Updated section ATS-GPU and added paragraph on ATS-GPU-NUFFT ATS-GPU, pg. 6 Updated Linux Support (RHEL) and added new DKMS drivers Linux Support, pg. 7 Updated product registration URL Extended Warranty, pg. 7 Updated standards and directives EC Conformity, pg. 8 Updated year of ICES-003 standard FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 8 Added Auxiliary I/O input coupling (DC) Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 9 Updated software descriptions and added order number for ATS-GPU-NUFFT Ordering Information, pg. 9 Section, Page Changes from version 1.9H (Apr 2020) to version 1.9J Removed section on Data Packing Mode; this mode is not supported on ATS9351 Data Packing Mode, pg. 4 Changes from version 1.9G (Jan 2020) to version 1.9H Section, Page Dynamic Parameters, pg. 9 Updated Dynamic Parameters. Changes are due to new testing methodology Changes from version 1.9F (May 2019) to version 1.9G Section, Page Changed Sampling Rate column to Max. Sample Rate Feature Table, pg. 1 Added AlazarFrontPanel (for Linux) as benchmarking tool Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate, pg. 2 Replaced signal sine wave requirement with high slew rate for external clock signal Optional External Clock, pg. 5 Removed qualified metrology lab as option for recalibrating ATS9351 Calibration, pg. 6 Specified Windows 7 version support, re-ordered list of operating systems, and Support for Windows, pg. 7 added end-of-support notice for Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2 Specified Linux distributions: CentOS, Debian, and Ubuntu Linux Support, pg. 7 Clarified specifications by separating Fast and Slow External Clock Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. 9 Changed fast ext. clock signal from "400 mV<sub>P-P</sub> to 3 V<sub>P-P</sub>" to "500 mV<sub>P-P</sub> to 2 V<sub>P-P</sub>" Removed sine or square wave requirement Changed signal level from "400 mV $_{P-P}$ to 3 $V_{P-P}{^{\prime\prime}}$ to "500 mV $_{P-P}$ to 2 $V_{P-P}{^{\prime\prime}}$ Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg. 9 Removed sine or square wave requirement Corrected Output types (removed Busy Output and added Pacer Output) Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 10 Changes from version 1.9E (Jan 2019) to version 1.9F Section, Page Updated ATS-GPU benchmarks (FFTs per second, number of channels, and GPU) ATS-GPU, pg. 7 Removed ATS-GMA section as this product is being discontinued ATS-GMA, pg. 7 Extended Warranty, pg. 7 Added section Extended Warranty Updated Trademark information Specified that listed Pre-trigger depth applies to NPT mode Acquisition Memory System, pg. 9 Removed ATS-GMA order numbers (ATSGMA-001, ATSGMA-101) Ordering Information, pg. 10 Changes from version 1.9D (Sept 2018) to version 1.9E Section, Page Updated Sanctions List URL Export Control Classification, pg. 7 **Updated Trademark information** pg. 8 Changes from version 1.9C (Jan 2018) to version 1.9D Section, Page Updated RoHS Compliance to RoHS 3 Global change Clarified Operating System Support Feature Table, pg. 1 Updated Recommended Motherboards or PCs Recommended Motherboards or PCs, pg. 2 Correction of trigger engines: changed to J and K (instead of X and Y) Triggering, pg. 5 Removed Dummy Clock Switchover, functionality replaced by OCT Ignore Bad Clock Dummy Clock Switchover, pg. 6 Added information on ATS-SDK license Software Development Kits, pg. 6 Specified 64-bit version for Windows and Linux support ATS-GPU, pg. 7



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| Changes from version 1.9C (Jan 2018) to version 1.9D (co  | ontinued) Section,                     | Pa  | ae   |
|---|--|-----|------|
| Added ATS-GMA section   | ATS-GMA,                               |     | _    |
| Added list of supported Microsoft Windows versions  | Support for Windows,                   |     |      |
| Added Trademark information   | capport or minacine,                   |     | . 8  |
| Added Acquisition Memory System section   | Acquisition Memory System,             |     |      |
| Added Maximum Amplitude: 2 V <sub>P-P</sub>   | Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input,  |     |      |
| Added "PLL" to section name for clarity, corrected Input Frequency                                  | Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input,   |     |      |
| tolerance, and added Max. and Min. Frequencies  | • • •                                  |     |      |
| Removed Dummy Clock Switchover, functionality replaced by OCT Ignore Bad                            | d Clock Dummy Clock Switchover,        | pg. | . 9  |
| Corrected Trigger Engine Combination  | Triggering System,                     | pg. | . 10 |
| Replaced TTL max. frequency with TTL min. pulse width   | TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input,      | pg. | . 10 |
| Replaced TRIG OUT Output section with Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)                                       | Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O),               | pg. | . 10 |
| Added subscription length for ATS-SDK, ATSGPU-001, ATSGPU-101 Added products ATSGMA-001, ATSGMA-101 | Ordering Information,                  | pg. | . 10 |
| Changes from version 1.9B (Oct 2017) to version 1.9C  | Section,                               | Pa  | ge   |
| Added section on FPGA-based FFT   | FPGA-based FFT Processing,             | pg. | . 3  |
| Added note about NPT Footers  | No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA,          | pg. | . 3  |
| Added section on Data Packing Mode  | Data Packing Mode,                     | pg. | 4    |
| Removed section on k-clock Deglitching Firmware   | Optional k-Clock Deglitching Firmware, | pq. | . 5  |
| Removed note about k-clock Deglitching Firmware   | Dummy Clock Switchover,                |     |      |
| Added section on OCT Ignore Bad Clock   | OCT Ignore Bad Clock,                  |     |      |
| Replaced Frame Trigger Input section with AUX Connector section                                     | AUX Connector,                         |     |      |
| Added CNRC as calibration standard  | Calibration,                           |     |      |
| Added -BASE and -OCT to ATS-GPU description for clarity   | ATS-GPU,                               |     |      |
| Corrected size of card  | Physical,                              |     |      |
| Removed product ATS9351-014 (k-clock Deglitching Firmware)  | Ordering Information,                  |     |      |
| Updated email address   | Manufactured By,                       |     |      |
| Changes from version 1.9A (Sept 2017) to version 1.9B   | Section,                               |     |      |
| Updated description for product ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101   | Ordering Information System,           |     | _    |
|   |  |     |      |
| Changes from version 1.9 (July 2017) to version 1.9A  | Section,                               |     |      |
| Added 2-slot-spacing SyncBoards (-W models)   | Master/Slave Systems,                  |     |      |
| Specified conditions for obtaining a Linux driver source code license                               | Linux Support,                         | pg. | . 6  |
| Added Export Control Classification information   | Export Control Classification,         |     |      |
| Removed product ATS9351-LINUX   | Ordering Information System,           | pg. | . 9  |
| Added products ATS9351-061, ATS9351-062, ATS9351-063  | Ordering Information System,           | pg. | . 9  |
| Replaced product ATSGPU-1YR with ATSGPU-001   | Ordering Information System,           | pg. | . 9  |
| Updated description for product ATSGPU-101  | Ordering Information System,           | pg. | . 9  |
| Changes from version 1.7a (Jan. 2013) to version 1.9  | Section,                               | Pa  | ge   |
| Added Python to list of SDK supported languages, and Support for Windows 8                          | k Linux Features,                      | pg. | . 1  |
| Added Python & LabVIEW to list of supported languages for ATS-SDK, remove                           | ed ATS-VI Overview,                    | pg. | . 1  |
| Updated TTL Input Impedance for External Trigger  | Triggering,                            | pg. | . 4  |
| Updated TTL Input Impedance for External Trigger  | External Trigger Input,                | pg. | . 5  |
| Modified AlazarDSO description  | AlazarDSO Software,                    | pg. | . 6  |
| Updated ATS-SDK description: added Python, removed ATS-VI   | Software Development Kits,             | pg. | . 6  |
| Added ATS-GPU description   | ATS-GPU,                               | pg. | 6    |
| Replaced section ATS-Linux with Linux Support; now includes download link 8                         | k updated description Linux Support,   | pg. | . 6  |



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| Changes from version 1.7a (Jan. 2013) to version 1.9 (contin                | ued) Section, Page                      |
|---|---|
| Added section on RoHS compliance  | RoHS Compliance, pg. 6                  |
| Added section on EC Conformity  | EC Conformity, pg. 7                    |
| Added section on FCC & ICES-003 Compliance                                  | FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 7        |
| Updated Input Range and Input Impedance for External Trigger                | TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 9 |
| Updated list of Certification and Compliances                               | Certification and Compliances, pg. 9    |
| Corrected part numbers for SyncBoard-9351 2x, SyncBoard-9351 4x, and ATS93. | 51-LINUX Ordering Information, pg. 9    |
| Removed product ATS-VI, ATS-SDK now supports LabVIEW                        | Ordering Information, pg. 9             |
| Added products ATS0351-020 ATS0351-021 ATS0351-022 ATSCRIL-1VP ATSCR        | II-101 Ordering Information ng Q        |