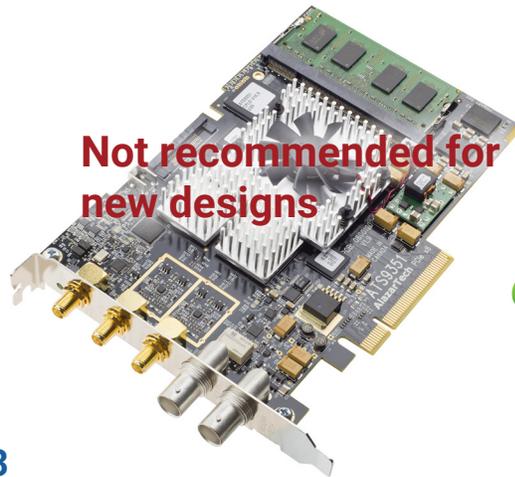


- 1.6 GB/s PCI Express (8-lane) interface
- 2 channels sampled at 12-bit resolution
- 500 MS/s real-time sampling rate
- Variable frequency external clocking
- Up to 2 Gigasample dual-port memory
- Continuous streaming mode
- Low noise ± 400 mV fixed input range
- AlazarDSO[®] oscilloscope software
- Software Development Kit supports C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB[®], LabVIEW[®]
- Support for Windows[®] & Linux[®]



For new designs, please use [ATS9353](#)

Product	Bus	Operating System	Channels	Max. Sample Rate	Bandwidth	Memory Per Channel	Resolution
ATS9351	PCIe x8	32-bit/64-bit Windows & 64-bit Linux	2	500 MS/s	250 MHz	Up to 2 Giga-samples in single channel mode	12 bits

Overview

AlazarTech ATS[®]9351 is an 8-lane PCI Express (PCIe x8), dual-channel, high-speed, 12-bit, 500 MS/s waveform digitizer card capable of streaming acquired data to PC memory at rates up to 1.6 GB/s or storing it in its deep on-board dual-port acquisition memory buffer of up to 2 Gigasamples.

The main difference between ATS9351 and ATS9350 is that ATS9351 has a fixed gain input amplifier that allows analog signals to be captured with a higher signal to noise ratio compared to ATS9350

Target customers for ATS9351 are those who have control over the output amplitude of their sensor and can match it to the full scale input range of ATS9351.

For customers who need variable input gain, we recommend using the ATS9350.

Optional variable frequency external clock allows operation from 500 MHz down to 2 MHz, making ATS9351 an ideal waveform digitizer for OCT applications.

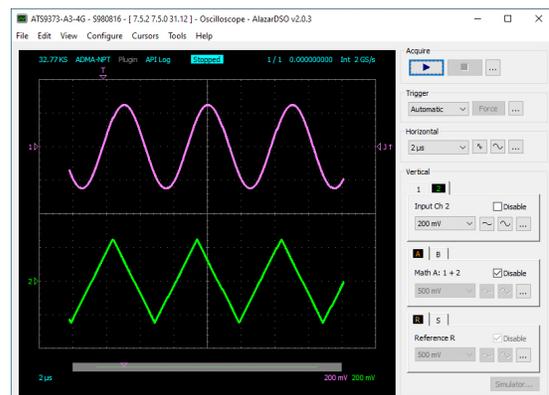
ATS9351 is supplied with AlazarDSO software that lets the user get started immediately without having to go through a software development process.

Users who need to integrate the ATS9351 in their own program can purchase a software development kit, ATS-SDK, for C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, LabVIEW for both Windows and Linux operating systems.

All of this advanced functionality is packaged in a low-power, half-length PCI Express card.

Applications

- **Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT)**
- **Ultrasonic & Eddy Current NDT/NDE**
- **Radar/RF Signal Recording & Analysis**
- **Terabyte Storage Oscilloscope**
- **High-Resolution Oscilloscope**
- **Lidar**
- **Spectroscopy**
- **Digital Down Conversion (DDC)**
- **Multi-Channel Transient Recording**



PCI Express Bus Interface

ATS9351 interfaces to the host computer using an 8-lane PCI Express bus. Each lane operates at 2.5 Gbps. PCIe bus specification v1.0a and v1.1 are supported.

According to PCIe specification, an 8-lane board can be plugged into any 8-lane or 16-lane slot, but not into a 4-lane or 1-lane slot. As such, ATS9351 requires at least one free 8-lane or 16-lane slot on the motherboard.

The physical and logical PCIe x8 interface is provided by an on-board FPGA, which also integrates acquisition control functions, memory management functions and acquisition datapath. This very high degree of integration maximizes product reliability.

The AlazarTech® 1.6 GB/s benchmark was done on an ASUS® WS X299 SAGE motherboard.

Users must always be wary of throughput specifications from manufacturers of waveform digitizers. Some unscrupulous manufacturers tend to specify the raw, burst-mode throughput of the bus. AlazarTech, on the other hand, specifies the benchmarked sustained throughput. To achieve such high throughput, a great deal of proprietary memory management logic and kernel mode drivers have been designed.

Analog Input

An ATS9351 features two analog input channels. Each channel has up to 250 MHz of full power analog input bandwidth with fixed DC-coupling and ± 400 mV input range.

The fixed gain analog front-end electronics allows ATS9351 to provide almost 6 dB improvement in signal to noise ratio compared to the ATS9350.

It should be noted that CH A and CH B connectors on ATS9351 are of female SMA type.

Acquisition System

ATS9351 PCI Express digitizers use state-of-the-art 500 MSPS, 12-bit ADCs to digitize the input signals. The real-time sampling rate ranges from 500 MS/s down to 1 KS/s for internal clock and 2 MS/s for external clock.

The two channels are guaranteed to be simultaneous, as the two ADCs use a common clock.

An acquisition can consist of multiple records, with each record being captured as a result of one trigger event. A record can contain both pre-trigger and post-trigger data.

Infinite number of triggers can be captured by ATS9351 when it is operating using dual-port memory.

In between the multiple triggers being captured, the acquisition system is re-armed by the hardware within 256 sampling clock cycles.

This mode of capture, sometimes referred to as Multiple Record, is very useful for capturing data in applications with a very rapid or unpredictable trigger rate. Examples of such applications include medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, OCT and NMR spectroscopy.

On-Board Acquisition Memory

ATS9351 supports on-board memory buffers of 128 Megasamples, 1 Gigasamples and 2 Gigasamples.

Acquisition memory can either be divided equally between the two input channels or devoted entirely to one of the channels.

There are two distinct advantages of having on-board memory:

First, a snapshot of the ADC data can be stored into this acquisition memory at full acquisition speed of $2 \text{ ch} * 500 \text{ MS/s} * 2 \text{ bytes per sample} = 2 \text{ Gigabytes per second}$, which is higher than the maximum PCIe x8 bus throughput of 1.6 GB/s.

Second, and more importantly, on-board memory can also act as a very deep FIFO between the Analog-to-Digital converters and PCI Express bus, allowing very fast sustained data transfers across the bus, even if the operating system or another motherboard resource temporarily interrupts DMA transfers.

Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate

PCI Express support on different motherboards is not always the same, resulting in significantly different sustained data transfer rates. The reasons behind these differences are complex and varied and will not be discussed here.

ATS9351 users can quickly determine the maximum sustained transfer rate for their motherboard by inserting their card in a PCIe slot and running the bus benchmarking tool provided in AlazarDSO for Windows or AlazarFrontPanel for Linux.

ATS9351, which is equipped with dual-port on-board memory, will be able to achieve this maximum sustained transfer rate.

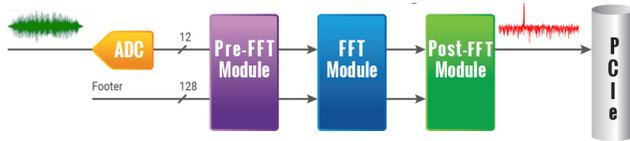
Recommended Motherboards or PCs

Many different types of motherboards and PCs have been benchmarked by AlazarTech. The ones that have produced the best throughput results (as high as 1.7 GB/s for PCIe Gen 1) are listed here: www.alazartech.com/images-media/2246-AlazarTechRecommendedMotherboards.pdf.

It should be noted that some motherboards may behave unexpectedly. For example, one customer purchased a P6T6 motherboard (instead of P6T7) and found that the throughput was limited to approximately 800 MB/s because P6T6 only supports 4-lane PCI Express connection, even though it uses the same x58 chipset.

FPGA-Based FFT Processing

It is possible to do real-time FFT signal processing using the on-board FPGA. Note that only one input can be processed.



Up to 2048-point FFT length is supported. A user programmable complex windowing function can be applied to the acquired data before FFT calculation.

The complex FFT output is converted to magnitude in single precision floating-point format. A logarithmic output is also available.

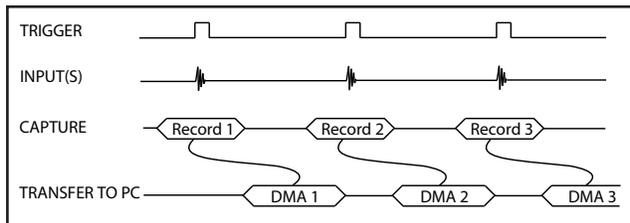
It is also possible to DMA both frequency and time domain data. This allows users to verify FPGA-based FFT operation during algorithm development.

ATS9351 can perform 100,000 2048-point FFTs per second.

FPGA-based FFT is ideal for customers in the Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) field.

Traditional AutoDMA

In order to acquire both pre-trigger and post-trigger data in a dual-ported memory environment, users can use Traditional AutoDMA.



Data is returned to the user in buffers, where each buffer can contain from 1 to 8191 records (triggers). This number is called RecordsPerBuffer.

Users can also specify that each record should come with its own header that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp.

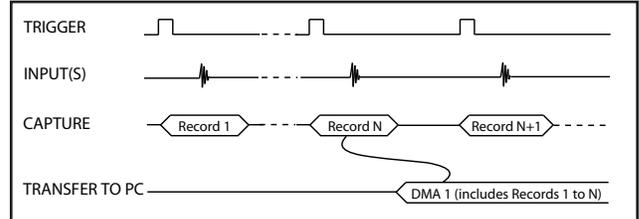
A BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted if more than 512 buffers have been acquired by the acquisition system, but not transferred to host PC memory by the AutoDMA engine.

In other words, a BUFFER_OVERFLOW can occur if more than 512 triggers occur in very rapid succession, even if all the on-board memory has not been used up.

No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA

Many ultrasonic scanning and medical imaging applications do not need any pre-trigger data: only post-trigger data is sufficient.

NPT AutoDMA is designed specifically for these applications. By only storing post-trigger data, the memory bandwidth is optimized and the entire on-board memory acts like a very deep FIFO.



Note that a DMA is not started until RecordsPerBuffer number of records (triggers) have been acquired and written to the on-board memory.

NPT AutoDMA buffers do not include headers. However, users can specify that each record should come with its own footer that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp. The footer is called NPT Footer.

More importantly, a BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up. This provides a very substantial improvement over Traditional AutoDMA.

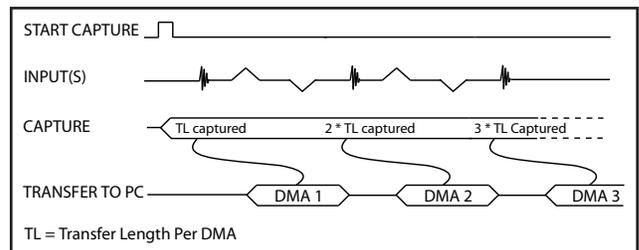
NPT AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow.

This is the recommended mode of operation for most ultrasonic scanning, OCT and medical imaging applications.

Continuous AutoDMA

Continuous AutoDMA is also known as the data streaming mode.

In this mode, data starts streaming across the PCIe bus as soon as the ATS9351 is armed for acquisition. It is important to note that triggering is disabled in this mode.



Continuous AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

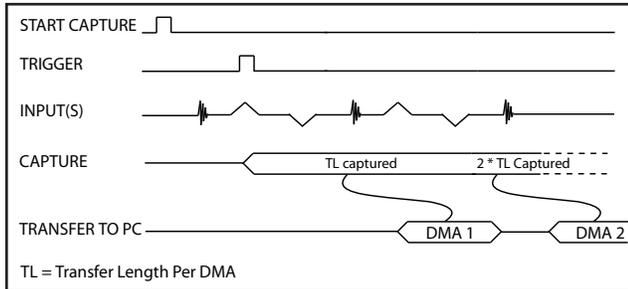
A BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

The amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Continuous AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for very long signal recording.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA is virtually the same as Continuous mode, except the data transfer across the bus is held off until a trigger event has been detected.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

As in Continuous mode, the amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for RF signal recording that has to be started at a specific time, e.g. based on a GPS pulse.

Disk Storage

When a waveform digitizer generates sustained data throughput at these very high rates, one of the major system-level challenges is to store that data in a disk drive.

If the total data storage requirement is in the 10 GByte range, it is possible to store acquired data in the computer's memory using a RAMDisk. Of course, the host computer must have enough memory installed, but that is becoming easier to do with modern computers.

If total data storage requirement is greater than what can be stored in the host computer's memory, it is essential to build a RAID 0 array using high-speed disk drives and one or more hardware RAID controllers. One example of such a RAID-based data storage system is AlazarStream family of products.

Real-time Signal Processing

One of the unique features of AlazarTech's waveform digitizer product line is that acquired data is available for real-time signal processing by the host CPU.

What makes this very powerful is the fact that most modern CPUs have multiple cores, which can be used to do real-time signal processing using parallel processing principles.

If your algorithm can be written to take advantage of parallel processing, this may be a very cost-effective solution for signal processing applications.

AlazarTech has been able to demonstrate that a 2.4 GHz, quad-core CPU can do real-time averaging of acquired data at 1.5 GB/s while using up only 25% of CPU cycles. A faster CPU or a CPU with more cores can do signal processing even faster.

Leader/Follower Systems

Users can create a multi-board Leader/Follower system by synchronizing up to four ATS9351 boards using an appropriate SyncBoard-9351.

SyncBoard-9351 is a mezzanine board that connects to the Leader/Follower connector along the top edge of the ATS9351 and sits parallel to the motherboard. For additional robustness, users can secure the SyncBoard-9351 to a bracket mounted on each of the ATS9351 boards.



SyncBoard-9351 is available in different widths: 2x, 4x, 2x-W, 3x-W or 4x-W.

SyncBoards with the -W suffix provide 2-slot spacing between ATS9351 cards to support some of the newer motherboards that space out the on-board x8 or x16 slots by two slots. The -W SyncBoards are also a better solution from thermal point of view, as there is better air flow with 2-slot spacing.

The 2x and 2x-W models allow a 2-board Leader/Follower system; the 3x-W model allows a 2 or 3-board Leader/Follower system; and the 4x and 4x-W models allow 2, 3 or 4 board Leader/Follower systems.

The Leader board's clock and trigger signals are copied by the SyncBoard-9351 and supplied to all the Follower boards. This guarantees complete synchronization between the Leader board and all Follower boards.

It should be noted that SyncBoard-9351 does not use a PLL-based clock buffer, allowing the use of variable frequency clocks in Leader/Follower configuration.

A Leader/Follower system samples all inputs simultaneously and also triggers simultaneously on the same clock edge.

Asynchronous DMA Driver

The various AutoDMA schemes discussed above provide hardware support for optimal data transfer. However, a corresponding high-performance software mechanism is also required to make sure sustained data transfer can be achieved.

This proprietary software mechanism is called Async DMA (short for Asynchronous DMA).

A number of data buffers are posted by the application software. Once a data buffer is filled, i.e. a DMA has been completed, ATS9351 hardware generates an interrupt, causing an event message to be sent to the application so it can start consuming data. Once the data has been consumed, the application can post the data buffer back on the queue. This can go on indefinitely.

One of the great advantages of Async DMA is that almost 95% of CPU cycles are available for data processing, as all DMA arming is done on an event-driven basis.

To the best of our knowledge, no other supplier of waveform digitizers provides asynchronous software drivers. Their synchronous drivers force the CPU to manage data acquisition, thereby slowing down the overall data acquisition process.

Triggering

ATS9351 is equipped with sophisticated digital triggering options, such as programmable trigger thresholds and slope on any of the input channels or the External Trigger input.

It is also possible to trigger the ATS9351 using a TTL trigger signal with relatively high input impedance of 6.66 k Ω . This is very useful in imaging applications that use a trigger signal that cannot drive a 50 Ω load.

While most oscilloscopes offer only one trigger engine, ATS9351 offers 2 trigger engines (called Engines J and K).

The user can specify the number of records to capture in an acquisition, the length of each record and the amount of pre-trigger data.

A programmable trigger delay can also be set by the user. This is very useful for capturing the signal of interest in a pulse-echo application, such as ultrasound, radar, lidar etc.

External Trigger Input

The external trigger input on the ATS9351 is labeled TRIG IN on the face plate.

By default, the input impedance of this input is 50 Ω and the full scale input range is ± 3 Volts. The trigger signal is treated as an analog signal in this situation and a high-speed comparator receives the signal.

It is also possible to setup the ATS9351 to trigger off a TTL signal. Input impedance is approximately 6.66 k Ω in this mode.

Timebase

ATS9351 timebase can be controlled either by on-board low-jitter VCO or by optional External Clock.

On-board low-jitter VCO uses an on-board 10 MHz TCXO as a reference clock.

Optional External Clock

While the ATS9351 features low-jitter VCO and a 10 MHz TCXO as the source of the timebase system, there may be occasions when digitizing has to be synchronized to an external clock source.

ATS9351 External Clock option provides an SMA input for an external clock signal, which should be a high slew rate signal or LVTTTL signal.

Input impedance for the External Clock input is fixed at 50 Ω . External clock input is always AC-coupled.

There are three types of External Clock supported by ATS9351. These are described below.

Fast External Clock

A new sample is taken by the on-board ADCs for each rising edge of this External Clock signal.

In order to satisfy the clocking requirements of the ADC chips being used, Fast External Clock frequency must always be higher than 2 MHz and lower than 500 MHz.

This is the ideal clocking scheme for OCT applications.

Slow External Clock

This type of clock should be used when the clock frequency is either too slow or is a burst-type clock. Both these types of clock do not satisfy the minimum clock requirements listed above for Fast External Clock.

In this mode, the ATS9351 ADCs are run at a preset internal clock frequency. The user-supplied Slow External Clock signal is then monitored for low-to-high transitions. Each time there is such a transition, a new sample is stored into the on-board memory.

It should be noted that there can be a 0 to +8 ns sampling jitter when Slow External Clock is being used, as the internal ADC clock is not synchronized to the user-supplied clock.

10 MHz Reference Clock

It is possible to generate the sampling clock based on an external 10 MHz reference input. This is useful for RF systems that use a common 10 MHz reference clock.

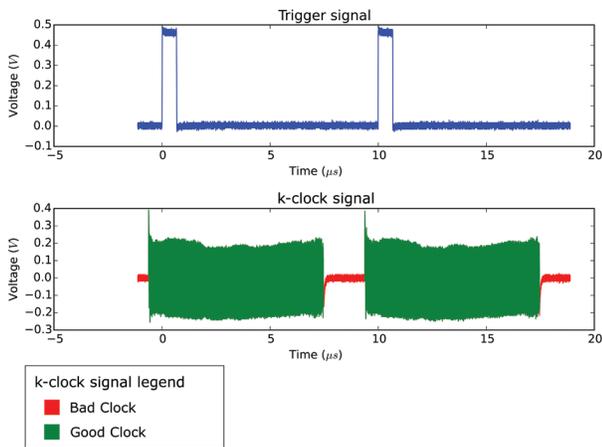
ATS9351 uses an on-board low-jitter VCO to generate the 500 MHz high-frequency clock used by the ADC. This 500 MHz sampling clock can then be decimated by a factor of 1, 2, 5, 10 or any other integer value that is divisible by 5.

OCT Ignore Bad Clock

The ADCs used on the ATS9351 require the external clock frequency to be above 2 MHz and lower than 500 MHz. In OCT applications, these limits cannot always be respected due to the nature of the optical source.

AlazarTech's *OCT Ignore Bad Clock* technology, allows safe operation with these out-of-specification

clocks without requiring the use of a dummy clock in the source.



Firmware version 21.01+, driver version 5.10.6+ and SDK 7.1.3+ are required to take advantage of OCT Ignore Bad Clock. For existing customers, these firmware and driver versions are available for download from AlazarTech’s website free of charge.

See www.alazartech.com/en/technology/oct-ignore-bad-clock/ for more information on this technology.

AUX Connector

ATS9351 provides an AUX (Auxiliary) BNC connector that is configured as a Trigger Output connector by default.

When configured as a Trigger Output, AUX BNC connector outputs a 5 Volt TTL signal synchronous to the ATS9351 Trigger signal, allowing users to synchronize their test systems to the ATS9351 Trigger.

When combined with the Trigger Delay feature of the ATS9351, this option is ideal for ultrasonic and other pulse-echo imaging applications.

AUX connector can also be used as a Trigger Enable Input, or “Frame Trigger” input, which can be used to acquire complete frames, or B-scans, in imaging applications. In fact, this is the most popular use of the AUX connector in OCT applications.

Calibration

Every ATS9351 digitizer is factory calibrated to NIST- or CNRC-traceable standards. To recalibrate an ATS9351, the digitizer must be shipped back to the factory.

On-Board Monitoring

Adding to the reliability offered by ATS9351 are the on-board diagnostic circuits that constantly monitor over 20 different voltages, currents and temperatures. LED alarms are activated if any of the values surpass the limits.

AlazarDSO Software

ATS9351 is supplied with the powerful AlazarDSO software that allows the user to setup the acquisition hardware and capture, display and archive the signals.

The Stream-To-Memory command in AlazarDSO allows users to stream a large dataset to motherboard memory.

AlazarDSO software also includes powerful tools for benchmarking the computer bus and disk drive.

Software Development Kits

AlazarTech provides an easy-to-use software development kit for customers who want to integrate the ATS9351 into their own software.

A Windows and Linux compatible software development kit, called ATS-SDK, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW. These programs can fully control the ATS9351 and acquire data in user buffers.

The purchase of an ATS-SDK license includes a subscription that allows users to download ATS-SDK updates from the AlazarTech website for period of 12 months from the date of purchase.

Customers who want to download new releases beyond this 12 month period should purchase extended maintenance (order number ATS-SDK-1YR).

ATS-GPU

ATS-GPU is a software library developed by AlazarTech to allow users to do real-time data transfer from ATS9351 to a GPU card at rates up to 1.6 GB/s.

Interfacing waveform digitizers to GPUs involves creating a software mechanism to move data from one to the other and back to user buffers. The standard techniques used most often can get the job done, but feature very low data throughput due to software overheads.

AlazarTech designed ATS-GPU to eliminate this software bottleneck so that data can be moved from AlazarTech digitizers to GPUs and from GPUs to user buffers at full PCIe bus speeds. Once the data is available in GPU memory, many types of digital signal processing (DSP) can be done on this data at near-hardware speeds.

ATS-GPU-BASE is supplied with an example user application in source code. The application includes GPU kernels that use ATS-GPU to receive data, do very simple signal processing (data inversion), and copy the processed (inverted) data back to a user buffer. All this is done at the highest possible data transfer rate.

Programmers can replace the data inversion code with application-specific signal processing kernels to develop custom applications.

ATS-GPU-OCT is the optional OCT Signal Processing library for ATS-GPU. It contains floating-point FFT routines that have also been optimized to provide the maximum number of FFTs per second. Kernel code running on the GPU can do zero-padding, apply a windowing function, do a floating-point FFT, calculate the amplitude and convert the result to a log scale. It is also possible to output phase information.

FFTs can be done on triggered data or on continuous gapless stream of data. It is also possible to do spectral averaging. Our benchmarks showed that it was possible to do 480,000 FFTs per second when capturing data in dual-channel mode and using a NVIDIA® Quadro® P5000 GPU.

ATS-GPU-NUFFT is an extension of ATS-GPU-OCT that allows non-uniform FFTs to be performed on data acquired uniformly in time domain using a fixed sampling rate. For SS-OCTs where the wavelength does not vary linearly in time, a fixed sampling rate results in data that is non-uniformly distributed in frequency domain. ATS-GPU-NUFFT allows linearized FFTs to be performed on such data.

ATS-GPU supports 64-bit Windows and 64-bit Linux for CUDA®-based development.

Support for Windows

Windows support for ATS9351 includes Windows 11, Windows 10, Windows Server® 2019, and Windows Server 2016. As Windows Server 2019 and 2016 are seldom used by our customers, they are expected to work but are not regularly tested with each software release. If there are issues related to Windows Server 2016 or 2019, tech support may not be as rapid as for other operating systems.

Microsoft mainstream support ended in 2018 for Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2. As such, AlazarTech has ceased development on these operating systems. Current software and driver releases may work with these operating systems but they are not officially supported.

Due to lack of demand and due to the fact that Microsoft no longer supports these operating systems, AlazarTech no longer supports Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008 R2, and Windows Server 2008.

Linux Support

AlazarTech offers Dynamic Kernel Module Support (DKMS) drivers for the following Linux distributions: Ubuntu, Debian, and RHEL®.

AlazarTech DKMS drivers may work for other Linux distributions but they have not been tested and technical support may be limited.

Users can download the DKMS driver for their specific distribution by choosing from the available drivers

here:

<ftp://release@ftp.alazartech.com/outgoing/linux>

Only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported.

A GUI application called AlazarFrontPanel that allows simple data acquisition and display is also provided.

ATS-SDK includes source code example programs for Linux, which demonstrate how to acquire data programmatically using a C compiler.

Based on a minimum annual business commitment, the Linux driver source code license (order number ATS9351-LINUX) may be granted to qualified OEM customers for a fee. For release of driver source code, a Non-Disclosure Agreement must be executed between the customer's organization and AlazarTech.

All such source code disclosures are made on an as-is basis with limited support from the factory.

Technical Support

AlazarTech is known for its world-class technical support. Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty.

AlazarTech digitizers come with a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. This warranty can be extended for a fee (more information can be found in the *Extended Warranty* section below).

If your waveform digitizer is out of warranty, you will not be eligible for free technical support on AlazarTech hardware or software products and you will need to purchase technical support hours (order number SUPPORT-HR5) to obtain assistance.

In addition, any necessary repairs to your out-of-warranty hardware products will carry a minimum bench charge.

Extended Warranty

The purchase of an ATS9351 includes a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. Customers may extend their warranty by ordering the appropriate Extended Warranty:

ATS9351-061 for ATS9351-128M
ATS9351-062 for ATS9351-1G
ATS9351-063 for ATS9351-2G

This must be purchased before expiration of the standard warranty (or before expiration of an Extended Warranty). Extended Warranties can only be purchased while there is a valid warranty in place.

Users can purchase up to 4 (four) additional years of warranty extensions for a maximum total of 5 years of warranty.

Get your warranty end date by registering your product at: www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/.



Export Control Classification

According to the Export Controls Division of Government of Canada, ATS9351 is currently not controlled for export from Canada. Its export control classification is N8, which is equivalent to ECCN EAR99. ATS9351 can be shipped freely outside of Canada, with the exception of countries listed on the [Area Control List](#) and [Sanctions List](#). Furthermore, if the end-use of ATS9351, in part or in its entirety, is related to the development or deployment of weapons of mass destruction, AlazarTech is obliged to apply for an export permit.

RoHS Compliance

ATS9351 is fully RoHS compliant, as defined by Directive 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2015 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

All manufacturing is done using RoHS-compliant components and lead-free soldering.

EC Conformity

ATS9351 conforms to the following standards:

Electromagnetic Emissions:
CISPR 32:2015/AMD1:2019 /
EN 55032:2015/A11:2020 (Class A):
Multimedia Equipment (MME). Radio disturbance characteristics. Limits and method of measurement:
EN 61000-3-2:2014, EN 61000-3-3:2013.

Electromagnetic Immunity:
CISPR 24:2010 / EN55024:2010:
Multimedia Equipment (MME) Immunity characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement.

Safety:
IEC 62368-1:2014 / EN 62368-1:2014+A11:2017:
Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements.

ATS9351 also follows the provisions of the following directives: 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Equipment); 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

FCC & ICES-003 Compliance

ATS9351 has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15, subpart B of the FCC Rules, and the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 issue 7 October 2020.

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Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.
CUDA, NVIDIA, and Quadro are trademarks and/or registered trademarks of NVIDIA Corporation in the U.S. and/or other countries.
ASUS is either a US registered trademark or trademark of ASUSTeK Computer Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.
RHEL is a registered trademark of Red Hat, Inc. in the United States and other countries.
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Manufactured By:

Alazar Technologies, Inc.

6600 TRANS-CANADA HIGHWAY, SUITE 310
POINTE-CLAIRE, QC, CANADA H9R 4S2

TOLL FREE: 1-877-7-ALAZAR OR 1-877-725-2927
TEL: (514) 426-4899 FAX: (514) 426-2723

E-MAIL: sales@alazartech.com

System Requirements

Personal computer with at least one free x8 or x16 PCI Express (v1.0a, v1.1 or v2.0) slot, 2 GB RAM, 100 MB of free hard disk space, SVGA display adaptor and monitor with at least a 1024 x 768 resolution.

Power Requirements

+12 V 1.2 A, typical
+3.3 V 1.1 A, typical

Physical

Size Single slot, half length PCI Express card (4.377 x 6.5 inches excluding the connectors protruding from the front panel)
Weight 250 g

I/O Connectors

CH A, CH B, ECLK SMA female connector
TRIG IN, AUX I/O BNC female connectors

Environmental

Operating temperature 0 to 55 degrees Celsius
Storage temperature -20 to 70 degrees Celsius
Relative humidity 5 to 95%, non-condensing

Acquisition System

Resolution 12 bits
Bandwidth (-3 dB)
DC-coupled, 50 Ω DC - 250 MHz,
Number of channels 2, simultaneously sampled
Maximum sample rate 500 MS/s single shot
Minimum sample rate 1 KS/s single shot for internal clocking
Full scale input range ± 400 mV
DC accuracy $\pm 2\%$ of full scale in all ranges
Input coupling DC
Input impedance 50 Ω $\pm 1\%$
Absolute maximum input
CH A, CH B ± 1 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation)
TRIG IN ± 4 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation)
AUX I/O -0.7 V to +5.5 V

Acquisition Memory System

Memory size 128 MegaSamples, 1 GigaSamples or 2 GigaSamples
Record length Software-selectable with 32-point resolution. Record length must be a minimum of 256 points. There is no upper limit on the maximum record length.
Number of records Software-selectable from a minimum of 1 to a maximum of infinite number of records

Pre-trigger depth From 0 to 4080 for single channel in NPT mode
From 0 to 2040 for dual channel in NPT mode
Post-trigger depth Record Length - Pre-Trigger Depth

Timebase System

Timebase options Internal Clock or External Clock (Optional)
Internal sample rates 500 MS/s, 250 MS/s, 100 MS/s, 50 MS/s, 20 MS/s, 10 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2 MS/s, 1 MS/s, 500 KS/s, 200 KS/s, 100 KS/s, 50 KS/s, 20 KS/s, 10 KS/s, 5 KS/s, 2 KS/s, 1 KS/s
Internal clock accuracy ± 2 ppm

Dynamic Parameters

Typical values measured on the 400 mV range of CH A of a randomly selected ATS9351. Input signal was provided by a Rohde & Schwarz SMB100A signal generator, followed by a 9-pole, 10 MHz band-pass filter (TTE Q36T-10M-1M-50-720BMF). Input frequency was set at 9.9 MHz and output amplitude was 270 mV rms at the board's input, which is approximately 95% of the full scale input.

SNR	54.50 dB
SINAD	53.90 dB
SFDR	73.88 dB
THD	-68.22 dB
ENOB	8.76

Note that these dynamic parameters may vary from one unit to another, with input frequency and with the full scale input range selected.

Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input

Input impedance 50 Ω
Input coupling AC

Fast External Clock

Signal level	500 mV _{p-p} to 2 V _{p-p}
Maximum frequency	500 MHz
Minimum frequency	2 MHz
Sampling edge	Rising

Slow External Clock

Signal Level	3.3 V LVTTTL
Maximum frequency	60 MHz
Minimum frequency	DC

Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input

Signal level 500 mV_{p-p} to 2 V_{p-p} Sine wave or square wave
Input impedance 50 Ω
Input coupling AC
Input frequency 10 MHz \pm 0.1 MHz
Maximum frequency 10.1 MHz
Minimum frequency 9.9 MHz
Sampling clock freq. 500 MHz

Triggering System

Mode	Edge triggering with hysteresis
Comparator type	Digital comparators for internal (CH A, CH B) triggering and software-selectable analog comparators or TTL gate for TRIG IN (External) triggering
Number of trigger engines	2
Trigger engine combination	Engine J, engine K, J OR K, software-selectable
Trigger engine source	CH A, CH B, EXT, Software or None, independently software-selectable for each of the two Trigger Engines
Hysteresis	±5% of full scale input, typical
Trigger sensitivity	±10% of full scale input range, except for TTL triggering for EXT. This implies that the trigger system may not trigger reliably if the input has an amplitude less than ±10% of full scale input range selected
Trigger level accuracy	±5%, typical, of full scale input range of the selected trigger source
Bandwidth	250 MHz
Trigger delay	Software-selectable from 0 to 9,999,999 sampling clock cycles
Trigger timeout	Software-selectable with a 10 µs resolution. Maximum settable value is 3,600 seconds. Can also be disabled to wait indefinitely for a trigger event

TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input

Input type	Analog or TTL, software-selectable
Input coupling	DC only
Analog input impedance	50 Ω
Analog bandwidth (-3 dB)	DC - 250 MHz
Analog input range	±3 V
Analog DC accuracy	±10% of full scale input
Analog absolute max. input	±4 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation)
TTL input impedance	6.66 kΩ ±10%
TTL min. pulse width	32 ADC sampling clocks
TTL min. pulse amplitude	2 Volts
TTL absolute max. input	-0.7 V to + 5.5 V

Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)

Signal direction	Input or Output, software-selectable. Trigger Output by default
Output types:	Trigger Output, Pacer (programmable clock) Output, Software-controlled Digital Output
Input types:	Trigger Enable, Software readable Digital Input
Output	
Amplitude:	5 Volt TTL
Synchronization:	Synchronized to a clock derived from the ADC sampling clock. Divide-by-4 clock (dual channel mode) or divide-by-8 clock (single channel mode)

Input

Amplitude:	3.3 Volt TTL (5 Volt-compliant)
Input coupling:	DC

Materials Supplied

- ATS9351 PCI Express Card
- ATS9351 Installation Disk (on USB Flash Drive)

Certification and Compliances

- RoHS 3 (Directive 2015/863/EU) Compliance
- CE Marking — EC Conformity
- FCC Part 15 Class A / ICES-003 Class A Compliance

All specifications are subject to change without notice

ORDERING INFORMATION

ATS9351-128M	ATS9351-002
ATS9351-1G	ATS9351-003
ATS9351-2G	ATS9351-004
ATS9351: External Clock Upgrade	ATS9351-005
SyncBoard-9351 2x	ATS9351-006
SyncBoard-9351 4x	ATS9351-007
ATS9351-128M to 1G Upgrade	ATS9351-010
ATS9351-128M to 2G Upgrade	ATS9351-011
ATS9351-1G to 2G Upgrade	ATS9351-012
SyncBoard-9351 2x-W	ATS9351-020
SyncBoard-9351 3x-W	ATS9351-021
SyncBoard-9351 4x-W	ATS9351-022
ATS9351-128M: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9351-061
ATS9351-1G: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9351-062
ATS9351-2G: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9351-063
ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU: License + 1 Year Subscription (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW)	ATS-SDK
ATS-SDK purchased separately: License + 1 Year Subscription + 5 hours of technical support (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW)	ATS-SDK-WOD
ATS-GPU-BASE: GPU Streaming Library License + 1 Year Subscription	ATSGPU-001
ATS-GPU-OCT: Signal Processing Library License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001)	ATSGPU-101
ATS-GPU-NUFFT: ATS-GPU-OCT Extension for fixed-frequency sampled data License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101)	ATSGPU-201
5 Hours of technical support	SUPPORT-HR5

DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

Changes from version 2.0M (Nov 2021) to version 2.0N

	Section, Page
Changes to maintenance subscription inclusions: removed technical support	Software Development Kits, pg. 6
Added Windows 11	Support for Windows, pg. 7
Added new section to specify how AlazarTech handles technical support: Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty. Out-of-warranty support requires the purchase of support hours.	Technical Support, pg. 7
Updated specification name from <i>Input protection</i> to <i>Absolute maximum input</i> Actual value did not change.	Acquisition System, pg. 9
Updated specification name from <i>Input protection</i> to <i>Absolute maximum input</i> Actual value did not change.	TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 10
Updated name for product <i>Software Development Kit</i> Now called: <i>ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU</i>	Ordering Information, pg. 10
Added products ATS-SDK-WOD and SUPPORT-HR5	Ordering Information, pg. 10

Changes from version 2.0L (Oct 2021) to version 2.0M

	Section, Page
Added note to advise that ATS9351 is not recommended for new designs Suggested replacement is ATS9353	pg. 1
Changed term for multi-board system to <i>Leader/Follower</i>	Leader/Follower Systems, pg. 4
Specified number of extended warranties that users may purchase	Extended Warranty, pg. 7

Changes from version 1.9K (June 2021) to version 1.9L

	Section, Page
Updated support status for Windows 8.x and Windows Server versions 2012 R2, 2016, 2019	Support for Windows, pg. 7
Updated Linux Support: only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported	Linux Support, pg. 7
Changed terminology from <i>Information Technology Equipment (ITE)</i> to <i>Multimedia Equipment (MME)</i>	EC Conformity, pg. 8

Changes from version 1.9J (Apr 2020) to version 1.9K

	Section, Page
Updated motherboard used for benchmarking	PCI Express Bus Interface, pg. 2
Updated OCT Ignore Bad Clock URL	OCT Ignore Bad Clock, pg. 6
Updated section <i>ATS-GPU</i> and added paragraph on ATS-GPU-NUFFT	ATS-GPU, pg. 6
Updated Linux Support (RHEL) and added new DKMS drivers	Linux Support, pg. 7
Updated product registration URL	Extended Warranty, pg. 7
Updated standards and directives	EC Conformity, pg. 8
Updated year of ICES-003 standard	FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 8
Added Auxiliary I/O input coupling (DC)	Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 9
Updated software descriptions and added order number for ATS-GPU-NUFFT	Ordering Information, pg. 9

Changes from version 1.9H (Apr 2020) to version 1.9J

	Section, Page
Removed section on Data Packing Mode; this mode is not supported on ATS9351	Data Packing Mode, pg. 4

Changes from version 1.9G (Jan 2020) to version 1.9H

	Section, Page
Updated Dynamic Parameters. Changes are due to new testing methodology	Dynamic Parameters, pg. 9

Changes from version 1.9F (May 2019) to version 1.9G

	Section, Page
Changed <i>Sampling Rate</i> column to <i>Max. Sample Rate</i>	Feature Table, pg. 1
Added AlazarFrontPanel (for Linux) as benchmarking tool	Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate, pg. 2
Replaced signal sine wave requirement with high slew rate for external clock signal	Optional External Clock, pg. 5
Removed qualified metrology lab as option for recalibrating ATS9351	Calibration, pg. 6
Specified Windows 7 version support, re-ordered list of operating systems, and added end-of-support notice for Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2	Support for Windows, pg. 7
Specified Linux distributions: CentOS, Debian, and Ubuntu	Linux Support, pg. 7

DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

Changes from version 1.9F (May 2019) to version 1.9G (continued)

Section, Page

Clarified specifications by separating Fast and Slow External Clock	Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. 9
Changed fast ext. clock signal from "400 mV _{p-p} to 3 V _{p-p} " to "500 mV _{p-p} to 2 V _{p-p} "	
Removed sine or square wave requirement	
Changed signal level from "400 mV _{p-p} to 3 V _{p-p} " to "500 mV _{p-p} to 2 V _{p-p} "	Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg. 9
Removed sine or square wave requirement	
Corrected Output types (removed Busy Output and added Pacer Output)	Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 10

Changes from version 1.9E (Jan 2019) to version 1.9F

Section, Page

Updated ATS-GPU benchmarks (FFTs per second, number of channels, and GPU)	ATS-GPU, pg. 7
Removed <i>ATS-GMA</i> section as this product is being discontinued	ATS-GMA, pg. 7
Added section <i>Extended Warranty</i>	Extended Warranty, pg. 7
Updated Trademark information	pg. 8
Specified that listed Pre-trigger depth applies to NPT mode	Acquisition Memory System, pg. 9
Removed ATS-GMA order numbers (ATSGMA-001, ATSGMA-101)	Ordering Information, pg. 10

Changes from version 1.9D (Sept 2018) to version 1.9E

Section, Page

Updated <i>Sanctions List</i> URL	Export Control Classification, pg. 7
Updated Trademark information	pg. 8

Changes from version 1.9C (Jan 2018) to version 1.9D

Section, Page

Updated RoHS Compliance to RoHS 3	Global change
Clarified Operating System Support	Feature Table, pg. 1
Updated <i>Recommended Motherboards or PCs</i>	Recommended Motherboards or PCs, pg. 2
Correction of trigger engines: changed to J and K (instead of X and Y)	Triggering, pg. 5
Removed <i>Dummy Clock Switchover</i> , functionality replaced by <i>OCT Ignore Bad Clock</i>	Dummy Clock Switchover, pg. 6
Added information on ATS-SDK license	Software Development Kits, pg. 6
Specified 64-bit version for Windows and Linux support	ATS-GPU, pg. 7
Added <i>ATS-GMA</i> section	ATS-GMA, pg. 7
Added list of supported Microsoft Windows versions	Support for Windows, pg. 7
Added Trademark information	pg. 8
Added <i>Acquisition Memory System</i> section	Acquisition Memory System, pg. 9
Added Maximum Amplitude: 2 V _{p-p}	Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. 9
Added "PLL" to section name for clarity, corrected Input Frequency tolerance, and added Max. and Min. Frequencies	Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg. 9
Removed <i>Dummy Clock Switchover</i> , functionality replaced by <i>OCT Ignore Bad Clock</i>	Dummy Clock Switchover, pg. 9
Corrected Trigger Engine Combination	Triggering System, pg. 10
Replaced <i>TTL max. frequency</i> with <i>TTL min. pulse width</i>	TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 10
Replaced <i>TRIG OUT Output</i> section with <i>Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)</i>	Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 10
Added subscription length for ATS-SDK, ATSGPU-001, ATSGPU-101	Ordering Information, pg. 10
Added products ATSGMA-001, ATSGMA-101	

Changes from version 1.9B (Oct 2017) to version 1.9C

Section, Page

Added section on FPGA-based FFT	FPGA-based FFT Processing, pg. 3
Added note about NPT Footers	No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA, pg. 3
Added section on Data Packing Mode	Data Packing Mode, pg. 4
Removed section on k-clock Deglitching Firmware	Optional k-Clock Deglitching Firmware, pg. 5
Removed note about k-clock Deglitching Firmware	Dummy Clock Switchover, pg. 6
Added section on OCT Ignore Bad Clock	OCT Ignore Bad Clock, pg. 6
Replaced <i>Frame Trigger Input</i> section with <i>AUX Connector</i> section	AUX Connector, pg. 6

DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

Changes from version 1.9B (Oct 2017) to version 1.9C (continued)

	Section, Page
Added CNRC as calibration standard	Calibration, pg. 6
Added -BASE and -OCT to ATS-GPU description for clarity	ATS-GPU, pg. 6
Corrected size of card	Physical, pg. 8
Removed product ATS9351-014 (k-clock Deglitching Firmware)	Ordering Information, pg. 9
Updated email address	Manufactured By, pg. 9

Changes from version 1.9A (Sept 2017) to version 1.9B

	Section, Page
Updated description for product ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101	Ordering Information System, pg. 9

Changes from version 1.9 (July 2017) to version 1.9A

	Section, Page
Added 2-slot-spacing SyncBoards (-W models)	Master/Slave Systems, pg. 4
Specified conditions for obtaining a Linux driver source code license	Linux Support, pg. 6
Added Export Control Classification information	Export Control Classification, pg. 6
Removed product ATS9351-LINUX	Ordering Information System, pg. 9
Added products ATS9351-061, ATS9351-062, ATS9351-063	Ordering Information System, pg. 9
Replaced product ATSGPU-1YR with ATSGPU-001	Ordering Information System, pg. 9
Updated description for product ATSGPU-101	Ordering Information System, pg. 9

Changes from version 1.7a (Jan. 2013) to version 1.9

	Section, Page
Added Python to list of SDK supported languages, and Support for Windows & Linux	Features, pg. 1
Added Python & LabVIEW to list of supported languages for ATS-SDK, removed ATS-VI	Overview, pg. 1
Updated TTL Input Impedance for External Trigger	Triggering, pg. 4
Updated TTL Input Impedance for External Trigger	External Trigger Input, pg. 5
Modified AlazarDSO description	AlazarDSO Software, pg. 6
Updated ATS-SDK description: added Python, removed ATS-VI	Software Development Kits, pg. 6
Added ATS-GPU description	ATS-GPU, pg. 6
Replaced section <i>ATS-Linux</i> with <i>Linux Support</i> ; now includes download link & updated description	Linux Support, pg. 6
Added section on RoHS compliance	RoHS Compliance, pg. 6
Added section on EC Conformity	EC Conformity, pg. 7
Added section on FCC & ICES-003 Compliance	FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 7
Updated Input Range and Input Impedance for External Trigger	TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 9
Updated list of Certification and Compliances	Certification and Compliances, pg. 9
Corrected part numbers for <i>SyncBoard-9351 2x</i> , <i>SyncBoard-9351 4x</i> , and <i>ATS9351-LINUX</i>	Ordering Information, pg. 9
Removed product ATS-VI, ATS-SDK now supports LabVIEW	Ordering Information, pg. 9
Added products ATS9351-020, ATS9351-021, ATS9351-022, ATSGPU-1YR, ATSGPU-101	Ordering Information, pg. 9