

- 1.6 GB/s PCI Express (8-lane) interface
- 2 channels sampled at 8-bit resolution
- 1 GS/s simultaneous real-time sampling rate on each input
- Up to 4 Gigabyte dual-port memory
- $\pm 200 \text{ mV}$  to  $\pm 4 \text{ V}$  input range
- AlazarDSO<sup>®</sup> oscilloscope software
- Software Development Kit supports C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB<sup>®</sup>, and LabVIEW<sup>®</sup>
- Support for Windows<sup>®</sup> & Linux<sup>®</sup>

## For new designs, please use <u>ATS9872</u>



Product	Bus	Operating System	Channels	Max. Sample Rate	Bandwidth	Memory Per Channel	Resolution
ATS9870	PCIe x8	32-bit/64-bit Windows & 64-bit Linux	2	1 GS/s	450 MHz	Up to 4 GB in single channel mode	8 bits

### **Overview**

AlazarTech ATS<sup>®</sup>9870 is an 8-lane PCI Express (PCIe x8), dual-channel, high-speed, 8-bit, 1 GS/s waveform digitizer card capable of streaming acquired data to PC memory at rates up to 1.6 GB/s or storing it in its deep on-board dual-port acquisition memory buffer of up to 4 Gigabytes.

Users can capture data from one trigger or a burst of triggers. Users can also stream very large datasets continuously to PC memory or hard disk.

ATS9870 allows users to build real-time data acquisition systems even under the Windows or Linux operating systems, as users are allowed to read acquired data even while the next acquisition is in progress.

ATS9870 PCI Express digitizers are an ideal solution for cost sensitive OEM applications that require a digitizer to be embedded into the customer's equipment.

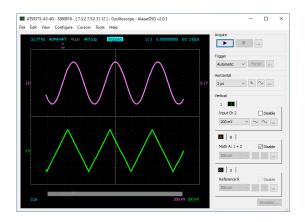
ATS9870 is supplied with AlazarDSO software that lets the user get started immediately without having to go through a software development process.

Users who need to integrate the ATS9870 in their own program can purchase a software development kit, ATS-SDK, for C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW for both Windows and Linux operating systems.

All of this advanced functionality is packaged in a low power, half-length PCI Express card.

### Applications

Ultrasonic & Eddy Current NDT/NDE Radar/RF Signal Recording Terabyte Storage Oscilloscope High-Resolution Oscilloscope Lidar Spectroscopy Multi-Channel Transient Recording





### **PCI Express Bus Interface**

ATS9870 interfaces to the host computer using an 8-lane PCI Express (Gen 1) bus. ATS9870 is also fully compatible with PCIe Gen 2 and Gen 3.

According to PCIe specification, an 8-lane board can be plugged into any 8-lane or 16-lane slot, but not into a 4-lane or 1-lane slot. As such, ATS9870 requires at least one free 8-lane or 16-lane slot on the motherboard.

The physical and logical PCIe x8 interface is provided by an on-board FPGA, which also integrates acquisition control functions, memory management functions and acquisition datapath. This very high degree of integration maximizes product reliability.

PCI Express throughput performance may vary from motherboard to motherboard. The AlazarTech<sup>®</sup> 1.6 GB/s benchmark was done using ASUS<sup>®</sup> WS X299 SAGE and P9X79 Pro motherboards.

Other motherboards, such as Intel S5000PSL and various Dell and HP workstations, produced similar results.

Users must always be wary of throughput specifications from manufacturers of waveform digitizers. Some unscrupulous manufacturers tend to specify the raw, burst-mode throughput of the bus.

AlazarTech, on the other hand, specifies the benchmarked sustained throughput. To achieve such high throughput, a great deal of proprietary memory management logic and kernel mode drivers have been designed.

### **Analog Input**

An ATS9870 features two analog input channels with extensive functionality. Each channel has 450 MHz of full power analog input bandwidth.

With software-selectable attenuation, you can achieve an input voltage range of  $\pm 200$  mV to  $\pm 4V$ .

It must be noted that input impedance of both channels is fixed at 50  $\Omega$ . Software-selectable AC or DC coupling further increases the signal measurement capability.

### **Acquisition System**

ATS9870 PCI Express digitizers use a state of the art dual 1 GSPS, 8-bit ADC to digitize the input signals. The real-time sampling rate ranges from 1 GS/s down to 1 KS/s. The two channels are guaranteed to be simultaneous, as they share the exact same clock.

An acquisition can consist of multiple records, with each record being captured as a result of one trigger event. A record can contain both pre-trigger and post-trigger data.

Infinite number of triggers can be captured by ATS9870, when it is operating using dual-port memory.

In between the multiple triggers being captured, the acquisition system is re-armed by the hardware within 64 sampling clock cycles.

This mode of capture, sometimes referred to as Multiple Record, is very useful for capturing data in applications with a very rapid or unpredictable trigger rate. Examples of such applications include medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, OCT and NMR spectroscopy.

### **On-Board Acquisition Memory**

ATS9870 supports on-board memory buffers of 256 Megabytes, 2 Gigabytes and 4 Gigabytes.

Acquisition memory can either be divided equally between the two input channels or devoted entirely to one of the channels.

There are two distinct advantages of having on-board memory:

First, a snapshot of the ADC data can be stored into this acquisition memory at full acquisition speed of 2 Gigabytes per second.

Second, and more importantly, on-board memory can also act as a very deep FIFO between the Analogto-Digital converters and PCI Express bus, allowing very fast sustained data transfers across the bus, even if the operating system or another motherboard resource temporarily interrupts DMA transfers.

### **Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate**

PCI Express support on different motherboards is not always the same, resulting in significantly different sustained data transfer rates. The reasons behind these differences are complex and varied and will not be discussed here.

ATS9870 users can quickly determine the maximum sustained transfer rate for their motherboard by inserting their card in a PCIe slot and running the bus benchmarking tool provided in AlazarDSO for Windows or AlazarFrontPanel for Linux.

ATS9870, which is equipped with dual-port on-board memory, will be able to achieve this maximum sustained transfer rate.

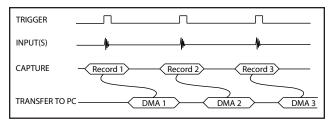
### **Recommended Motherboards or PCs**

Many different types of motherboards and PCs have been benchmarked by AlazarTech. The ones that have produced the best throughput results (as high as 1.7 GB/s for PCIe Gen 1) are listed here: www.alazartech.com/images-media/2246-AlazarTech RecommendedMotherboards.pdf.

### **Traditional AutoDMA**

In order to acquire both pre-trigger and post-trigger data in a dual-ported memory environment, users can use Traditional AutoDMA.





Data is returned to the user in buffers, where each buffer can contain from 1 to 8192 records (triggers). This number is called RecordsPerBuffer.

Users can also specify that each record should come with its own header that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp.

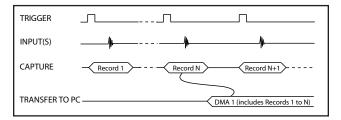
A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted if more than 512 buffers have been acquired by the acquisition system, but not transferred to host PC memory by the AutoDMA engine.

While Traditional AutoDMA can acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard, a BUFFER\_OVERFLOW can occur if more than 512 triggers occur in very rapid succession, even if all the on-board memory has not been used up.

### No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA

Many ultrasonic scanning and medical imaging applications do not need any pre-trigger data: only post-trigger data is sufficient.

NPT AutoDMA is designed specifically for these applications. By only storing post-trigger data, the memory bandwidth is optimized and the entire onboard memory acts like a very deep FIFO.



Note that a DMA is not started until RecordsPerBuffer number of records (triggers) have been acquired.

NPT AutoDMA buffers do not include headers. However, users can specify that each record should come with its own footer that contains a 40-bit trigger timestamp. The footer is called NPT Footer.

More importantly, a BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up. This provides a very substantial improvement over Traditional AutoDMA.

NPT AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow.

This is the recommended mode of operation for most

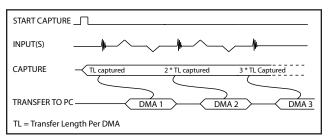
# ATS9870 I GS/s 8-Bit PCI Express Digitizer

ultrasonic scanning, OCT and medical imaging applications.

### **Continuous AutoDMA**

Continuous AutoDMA is also known as the data streaming mode.

In this mode, data starts streaming across the PCIe bus as soon as the ATS9870 is armed for acquisition. It is important to note that triggering is disabled in this mode.



Continuous AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

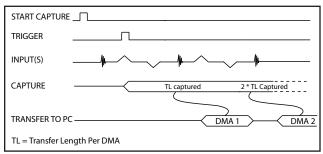
A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

The amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Continuous AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for very long signal recording.

### **Triggered Streaming AutoDMA**

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA is virtually the same as Continuous mode, except the data transfer across the bus is held off until a trigger event has been detected.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER\_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

As in Continuous mode, the amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for RF signal recording that has to be started at a specific time, e.g. based on a GPS pulse.

### **Asynchronous DMA Driver**

The various AutoDMA schemes discussed above provide hardware support for optimal data transfer. However, a corresponding high-performance software mechanism is also required to make sure sustained data transfer can be achieved.

This proprietary software mechanism is called Async DMA (short for Asynchronous DMA).

A number of data buffers are posted by the application software. Once a data buffer is filled, i.e. a DMA has been completed, ATS9870 hardware generates an interrupt, causing an event message to be sent to the application so it can start consuming data. Once the data has been consumed, the application can post the data buffer back on the queue. This can go on indefinitely.

One of the great advantages of Async DMA is that almost 95% of CPU cycles are available for data processing, as all DMA arming is done on an event-driven basis.

To the best of our knowledge, no other supplier of waveform digitizers provides asynchronous software drivers. Their synchronous drivers force the CPU to manage data acquisition, thereby slowing down the overall data acquisition process.

### Triggering

The ATS9870 is equipped with sophisticated digital triggering options, such as programmable trigger thresholds and slope on any of the input channels or the External Trigger input.

While most oscilloscopes offer only one trigger engine, ATS9870 offers two trigger engines (called Engines J and K).

The user can specify the number of records to capture in an acquisition, the length of each record and the amount of pre-trigger data.

A programmable trigger delay can also be set by the user. This is very useful for capturing the signal of interest in a pulse-echo application, such as ultrasound, radar, lidar etc.

### **External Trigger Input**

The external trigger input on the ATS9870 is labeled TRIG IN on the face plate.

By default, the input impedance of this input is 50  $\Omega$  and the full scale input range is +/- 5 Volts. The trigger signal is treated as an analog signal in this situation and a high-speed comparator receives the signal.

#### Timebase

Timebase on the ATS9870 can be controlled either by on-board low-jitter VCO or by optional External Clock. On-board low-jitter VCO uses an on-board 10 MHz TCXO as a reference clock.

### Leader/Follower Systems

Users can create a multi-board Leader/Follower system by synchronizing up to four ATS9870 boards using an appropriate SyncBoard-9870. Note that ATS9870 board must be hardware version 1.3 or higher.

SyncBoard-9870 is a mezzanine board that connects to the Leader/Follower connector along the top edge of the ATS9870 and sits parallel to the motherboard. For additional robustness, users can secure the Sync-Board-9870 to a bracket mounted on each of the ATS9870 boards.

SyncBoard-9870 is available in different widths: 2x, 4x, 2x-W, 3x-W or 4x-W.

SyncBoards with the -W suffix provide 2-slot spacing between ATS9870 cards to support some of the newer motherboards that space out the on-board x8 or x16 slots by two slots. The -W SyncBoards are also a better solution from thermal point of view, as there is better air flow with 2-slot spacing.

The 2x and 2x-W models allow a 2-board Leader/ Follower system; the 3x-W model allows a 2 or 3-board Leader/Follower system; and the 4x and 4x-W models allow 2, 3 or 4 board Leader/ Follower systems.

The Leader board's clock and trigger signals are copied by the SyncBoard-9870 and supplied to all the Follower boards. This guarantees complete synchronization between the Leader board and all Follower boards.

It should be noted that SyncBoard-9870 does not use a PLL-based clock buffer, allowing the use of variable frequency clocks in Leader/Follower configuration.

A Leader/Follower system samples all inputs simultaneously and also triggers simultaneously on the same clock edge.

### **Optional External Clock**

While the ATS9870 features low-jitter VCO and a 10 MHz TCXO as the source of the timebase system, there may be occasions when digitizing has to be synchronized to an external clock source.

ATS9870 External Clock option provides an SMA input for an external clock signal, which should be a high slew rate signal.

Input impedance for the External Clock input is fixed at 50  $\Omega$ . External clock input is always AC-coupled.



There are two types of External Clock supported by ATS9870. These are described below.

#### **Fast External Clock**

A new sample is taken by the on-board ADCs for each rising (or falling) edge of this External Clock signal.

In order to satisfy the clocking requirements of the ADC chips being used, Fast External Clock frequency must always be higher than 200 MHz and lower than 1 GHz.

### **10 MHz Reference Clock**

It is possible to generate the sampling clock based on an external 10 MHz reference input. This is useful for RF systems that use a common 10 MHz reference clock.

ATS9870 uses an on-board low-jitter VCO to generate the 1 GHz high-frequency clock used by the ADC.

### **AUX Connector**

ATS9870 provides an AUX (Auxiliary) BNC connector that is configured as a Trigger Output connector by default.

When configured as a Trigger Output, AUX BNC connector outputs a 5 Volt TTL signal synchronous to the ATS9870 Trigger signal, allowing users to synchronize their test systems to the ATS9870 Trigger. Note that the Trigger output is synchronized to a divide-by-8 clock (dual channel mode) or divide-by-16 clock (single channel mode).

When combined with the Trigger Delay feature of the ATS9870, this option is ideal for ultrasonic and other pulse-echo imaging applications.

AUX connector can also be used as a Trigger Enable Input and Clock Output.

### **Real-Time Signal Processing**

One of the unique features of AlazarTech's waveform digitizer product line is that acquired data is available for real-time signal processing by the host CPU.

What makes this very powerful is the fact that most modern CPUs have multiple cores, which can be used to do real-time signal processing using parallel processing principles.

If your algorithm can be written to take advantage of parallel processing, this may be a very cost-effective solution for signal processing applications.

AlazarTech has been able to demonstrate that a 2.4 GHz, quad-core CPU can do real-time averaging of acquired data at 1.5 GB/s while using up only 25% of CPU cycles. A faster CPU or a CPU with more cores can do signal processing even faster.

Another very popular application is to monitor a pulse train for particle detection applications. AlazarTech has created a parallel processing algorithm that allows real-time pulse detection and characterization at rates in excess of 1 GB/s.

### Calibration

Every ATS9870 digitizer is factory calibrated to NIST- or CNRC-traceable standards. To recalibrate an ATS9870, the digitizer must be shipped back to the factory.

### AlazarDSO Software

ATS9870 is supplied with the powerful AlazarDSO software that allows the user to setup the acquisition hardware and capture, display and archive the signals.

The Stream-To-Memory command in AlazarDSO allows users to stream a large dataset to motherboard memory.

AlazarDSO software also includes powerful tools for benchmarking the computer bus and disk drive.

### **Software Development Kits**

AlazarTech provides easy-to-use software development kits for customers who want to integrate the ATS9870 into their own software.

A Windows and Linux compatible software development kit, called ATS-SDK, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW. These programs can fully control the ATS9870 and acquire data in user buffers.

The purchase of an ATS-SDK license includes a subscription that provides the following benefits for a period of 12 months from the date of purchase:

- Download ATS-SDK updates from the AlazarTech website;
- Receive technical support on ATS-SDK.

Customers who want to receive technical support and download new releases beyond this 12 month period should purchase extended support and maintenance (order number ATS-SDK-1YR).

### **ATS-GPU**

ATS-GPU is a software library developed by AlazarTech to allow users to do real-time data transfer from ATS9870 to a GPU card at rates up to 1.6 GB/s.

Interfacing waveform digitizers to GPUs involves creating a software mechanism to move data from one to the other and back to user buffers. The standard techniques used most often can get the job done, but feature very low data throughput due to software overheads.

AlazarTech designed ATS-GPU to eliminate this software bottleneck so that data can be moved from AlazarTech digitizers to GPUs and from GPUs to user buffers at full PCIe bus speeds. Once the data is available in GPU memory, many types of digital signal processing (DSP) can be done on this data at nearhardware speeds.

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ATS-GPU-BASE is supplied with an example user application in source code. The application includes GPU kernels that use ATS-GPU to receive data, do very simple signal processing (data inversion), and copy the processed (inverted) data back to a user buffer. All this is done at the highest possible data transfer rate.

Programmers can replace the data inversion code with application-specific signal processing kernels to develop custom applications.

ATS-GPU-OCT is the optional OCT Signal Processing library for ATS-GPU. It contains floating-point FFT routines that have also been optimized to provide the maximum number of FFTs per second. Kernel code running on the GPU can do zero-padding, apply a windowing function, do a floating-point FFT, calculate the amplitude and convert the result to a log scale. It is also possible to output phase information.

FFTs can be done on triggered data or on continuous gapless stream of data. It is also possible to do spectral averaging. Our benchmarks showed that it was possible to do 520,000 FFTs per second when capturing data in dual-channel mode and using a NVIDIA® Quadro® P5000 GPU.

ATS-GPU-NUFFT is an extension of ATS-GPU-OCT that allows non-uniform FFTs to be performed on data acquired uniformly in time domain using a fixed sampling rate. For SS-OCTs where the wave-length does not vary linearly in time, a fixed sampling rate results in data that is non-uniformly dis-tributed in frequency domain. ATS-GPU-NUFFT allows linearized FFTs to be performed on such data.

ATS-GPU supports 64-bit Windows and 64-bit Linux for CUDA<sup>®</sup>-based development.

### **Support for Windows**

Windows support for ATS9870 includes Windows 10, Windows Server<sup>®</sup> 2019, and Windows Server 2016. As Windows Server 2019 and 2016 are seldom used by our customers, they are expected to work but are not regularly tested with each software release. If there are issues related to Windows Server 2016 or 2019, tech support may not be as rapid as for other operating systems.

Microsoft mainstream support ended in 2018 for Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2. As such, AlazarTech has ceased development on these operating systems. Current software and driver releases may work with these operating systems but they are not officially supported.

Due to lack of demand and due to the fact that Microsoft no longer supports these operating systems, AlazarTech no longer supports Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008 R2, and Windows Server 2008.

#### **Linux Support**

AlazarTech offers ATS9982 Dynamic Kernel Module Support (DKMS) drivers for the following Linux distributions: Ubuntu, Debian, and RHEL<sup>®</sup>.

AlazarTech DKMS drivers may work for other Linux distributions but they have not been tested and technical support may be limited.

Users can download the DKMS driver for their specific distribution by choosing from the available drivers here:

ftp://release@ftp.alazartech.com/outgoing/linux

Only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported.

A GUI application called AlazarFrontPanel that allows simple data acquisition and display is also provided.

ATS-SDK includes source code example programs for Linux, which demonstrate how to acquire data programmatically using a C compiler.

Based on a minimum annual business commitment, the Linux driver source code license (order number ATS9870-LINUX) may be granted to qualified OEM customers for a fee. For release of driver source code, a Non-Disclosure Agreement must be executed between the customer's organization and AlazarTech.

All such source code disclosures are made on an as-is basis with limited support from the factory.

### **Extended Warranty**

The purchase of an ATS9870 includes a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. Customers may extend their warranty by ordering the appropriate Extended Warranty:

ATS9870-061 for ATS9870-256M ATS9870-062 for ATS9870-2G ATS9870-063 for ATS9870-4G

This must be purchased before expiration of the standard warranty (or before expiration of an Extended Warranty). Extended Warranties can only be purchased while there is a valid warranty in place.

Users can purchase up to 4 (four) additional years of warranty extensions for a maximum total of 5 years of warranty.

Get your warranty end date by registering your product at: <a href="http://www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/">www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/</a>.

### **Export Control Classification**

According to the *Export Controls Division of the Government of Canada*, ATS9870 is currently not controlled for export from Canada. Its export control classification is N8, which is equivalent to ECCN EAR99. ATS9870 can be shipped freely outside of Canada, with the exception of countries listed on the <u>Area Control List</u> and <u>Sanctions List</u>. Furthermore, if





the end-use of ATS9870, in part or in its entirety, is related to the development or deployment of weapons of mass destruction, AlazarTech is obliged to apply for an export permit.

### **RoHS Compliance**

ATS9870 is fully RoHS compliant, as defined by Directive 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2015 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

All manufacturing is done using RoHS-compliant components and lead-free soldering.

### **EC Conformity**

ATS9870 conforms to the following standards:

Electromagnetic Emissions: CISPR 22:2006/EN 55022:2006 (Class A):

Information Technology Equipment (ITE). Radio disturbance characteristics. Limits and method of measurement.

Electromagnetic Immunity:

CISPR 24:1997/EN 55024:1998 (+A1 +A2): Information Technology Equipment Immunity characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement.

Safety:

IEC 60950-1:2005: Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements.

IEC 60950-1:2006: Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements.

ATS9870 also follows the provisions of the following directives: 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Equipment); 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

### FCC & ICES-003 Compliance

ATS9870 has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15, subpart B of the FCC Rules, and the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003:2006.

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<b>System Requirements</b> Personal computer with at least one free x8 or x16 PCI Express (v1.0a, v1.1 or v2.0) slot, 2 GB RAM, 100 MB of free hard disk space, SVGA display adaptor and monitor with at least a 1024 x 768 resolution.		Number of records	Software-selectable from a minimum of 1 to a maximum of infinite number of records
		Pre-trigger depth	From 0 to (Record Length –128) in NPT mode
Power Requirem	ents	Post-trigger depth	Record Length – Pre-Trigger Depth
+12 V	1.2 A, typical	Timebase System	
+3.3 V	1.1 A, typical	Timebase options	Internal Clock or External Clock (Optional)
Physical		Internal sample rates	1 GS/s, 500 MS/s, 250 MS/s,
Size	Single slot, half-length PCI Express card (4.377 inches x 6.5 inches excluding the connectors		100 MS/s, 50 MS/s, 20 MS/s, 10 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2 MS/s, 1 MS/s, 500 KS/s, 200 KS/s, 100 KS/s,

Weight

#### **I/O Connectors**

CH A, CH B, TRIG IN, AUX I/O ECLK

#### **Environmental**

Operating temperature Storage temperature Relative humidity

### **Acquisition System**

/ cquior co / occini			
Resolution	8 bits		
Bandwidth (-3 dB)			
DC-coupled, 50 $\Omega$	±40 mV range: DC - 200 MHz All other ranges: DC - 450 MHz		
AC-coupled, 50 $\Omega$	$\pm40$ mV range: 100 kHz - 200 MHz All other ranges: 100 kHz - 450 MHz		
Number of channels	2, simultaneously sampled		
Maximum sample rate	1 GS/s		
Minimum sample rate	1 KS/s (internal clock) 200 MS/s (external clock)		
Full scale input ranges			
50 $\Omega$ input impedance:	$\pm$ 40 mV, $\pm$ 100 mV, $\pm$ 200 mV, $\pm$ 400 mV, $\pm$ 1 V, $\pm$ 2 V, and $\pm$ 4 V, software-selectable		
DC accuracy	±2% of full scale in all ranges		
Input coupling	AC or DC, software-selectable		
Input impedance	50 Ω ±1%		
Input protection			
50 Ω	$\pm$ 4 V (DC + peak AC for CH A and CH B only without external attenuation)		
Acquisition Memory System			

### Acquisition Memory System

Memory size Record length 256 MB, 2 GB or 4 GB Software-selectable with 64-point resolution. Record length must be a minimum of 256 points and maximum of the on-board memory size for single-port memory operation. There is no upper limit on the maximum record length in data streaming mode.

protruding from the front panel)

BNC female connectors

SMA female connector

0 to 55 degrees Celsius

-20 to 70 degrees Celsius

5 to 95%, non-condensing

250 g

### **Dynamic Parameters**

Internal clock accuracy

Typical values measured on CH A of a randomly selected ATS9870. Input signal was provided by a Marconi 2018A signal generator, followed by a 9-pole, 20 MHz band-pass filter (TTE Q36T-20M-2M-50-720BMF). Input frequency was set at 20 MHz and output amplitude was 708 mV rms, which was approximately 95% of the full scale input. Input was not averaged and bandwidth limiting filter was disabled.

±2 ppm

50 KS/s, 20 KS/s, 10 KS/s,

5 KS/s, 2 KS/s, 1 KS/s

SNR	40.55 dB
SINAD	40.09 dB
THD	-54.8 dB
SFDR	-52.05 dB

Note that these dynamic parameters may vary from one unit to another, with input frequency and with the full scale input range selected.

### **Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input**

Input impedance	50 Ω
Input coupling	AC
Fast External Clock Signal level Maximum frequency Minimum frequency Sampling edge	500 mV <sub>P-P</sub> to 2 V <sub>P-P</sub> 1 GHz with 50% $\pm$ 5% duty cycle 200 MHz with 50% $\pm$ 5% duty cycle Rising or Falling, software- selectable
Slow External Clock	
Signal Level	3.3 V LVTTL
Maximum frequency	60 MHz
Minimum frequency	DC

#### **Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input**

Signal level	500 mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Input impedance	50 Ω	
Input coupling	AC	
Input Frequency	10 MHz ± 0.1 MHz	
Maximum frequency	10.1 MHz	
Minimum frequency	9.9 MHz	
Sampling clock freq.	1 GHz	



#### **Triggering System**

Mode	Edge triggering with hysteresis
Comparator type	Digital comparators for internal (CH A, CH B) triggering and analog comparators for TRIG IN (External) triggering
Number of trigger engines	2
Trigger engine combination	Engine J, engine K, J OR K, software-selectable
Trigger engine source	CH A, CH B, EXT, Software or None, independently software-selectable for each of the two Trigger Engines
Hysteresis	±5% of full scale input, typical
Trigger sensitivity	$\pm 10\%$ of full scale input range. This implies that the trigger system may not trigger reliably if the input has an amplitude less than $\pm 10\%$ of full scale input range selected
Trigger level accuracy	±5%, typical, of full scale input range of the selected trigger source
Bandwidth	450 MHz
Trigger delay	Software-selectable from 0 to 9,999,999 sampling clock cycles
Trigger timeout	Software-selectable with a 10 $\mu$ s resolution. Maximum settable value is 3,600 seconds. Can also be disabled to wait indefinitely for a trigger event

### **TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input**

Input type	Analog
Input impedance	50 Ω
Bandwidth (-3 dB)	
DC-coupled	DC - 450 MHz
Input range	±5 V
DC accuracy	$\pm 10\%$ of full scale input
Input protection	±8 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation)
Coupling	DC

### Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)

Signal direction	Input or Output, software-select- able. Trigger Output by default
Output types:	Trigger Output, Pacer (programmable clock) Output, Software-controlled Digital Output
Input types:	Trigger Enable Software readable Digital Input
Output	
Amplitude:	5 Volt TTL
Synchronization:	Synchronized to a clock derived from the ADC sampling clock. Divide-by-8 clock (dual channel mode) or divide-by-16 clock (single channel mode)
Input	
Amplitude:	3.3 Volt TTL (5 Volt-compliant)
Input coupling:	DC

# ATS9870 I GS/s 8-Bit PCI Express Digitizer

### **Materials Supplied**

ATS9870 PCI Express Card ATS9870 Installation Disk (on USB Flash Drive)

### **Certification and Compliances**

RoHS 3 (Directive 2015/863/EU) Compliance CE Marking — EC Conformity FCC Part 15 Class A / ICES-003 Class A Compliance

All specifications are subject to change without notice

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

ATS9870-256M	ATS9870-002
ATS9870-2G	ATS9870-003
ATS9870-4G	ATS9870-004
ATS9870: External Clock Upgrade	ATS9870-005
ATS9870: SyncBoard 2x	ATS9870-006
ATS9870: SyncBoard 4x	ATS9870-007
ATS9870-256M to 2G Upgrade	ATS9870-010
ATS9870-256M to 4G Upgrade	ATS9870-011
ATS9870-2G to 4G Upgrade	ATS9870-012
ATS9870: SyncBoard 2x-W	ATS9870-020
ATS9870: SyncBoard 3x-W	ATS9870-021
ATS9870: SyncBoard 4x-W	ATS9870-022
ATS9870-256M: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9870-061
ATS9870-2G: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9870-062
ATS9870-4G: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9870-063
Software Development Kit License + 1 Year Subscription (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW	ATS-SDK /)
ATS-GPU-BASE: GPU Streaming Library License + 1 Year Subscription	ATSGPU-001
ATS-GPU-OCT: Signal Processing Library License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU	ATSGPU-101 J-001)
ATS-GPU-NUFFT: ATS-GPU-OCT Extension for fixed-frequency sampled data License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101)	ATSGPU-201

## Manufactured By: Alazar Technologies, Inc.

6600 TRANS-CANADA HIGHWAY, SUITE 310 POINTE-CLAIRE, QC, CANADA H9R 4S2

TOLL FREE: 1-877-7-ALAZAR OR 1-877-725-2927 TEL: (514) 426-4899 FAX: (514) 426-2723

E-MAIL: sales@alazartech.com



DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY	
<b>Changes from version 1.6I (Sept 2021) to version 1.6J</b> Changed term for multi-board system to <i>Leader/Follower</i> Specified number of extended warranties that users may purchase	Section, Page Leader/Follower Systems, pg. 4 Extended Warranty, pg. 6
Changes from version 1.6H (June 2021) to version 1.6I	Section, Page
Updated support status for Windows 8.x and Windows Server versions 2012 R2, 201	L6, 2019 Support for Windows, pg. 6
Changes from version 1.6G (Jan 2020) to version 1.6H	Section, Page
Added note to advise that ATS9870 is not recommended for new designs Suggested replacement is ATS9872	pg. 1
Updated motherboard used for benchmarking	PCI Express Bus Interface, pg. 2
Updated section ATS-GPU and added paragraph on ATS-GPU-NUFFT	ATS-GPU, pg. 5
Updated Linux Support (RHEL) and added new DKMS drivers	Linux Support, pg. 6
Updated product registration URL	Extended Warranty, pg. 6
Updated Low Voltage Equipment and Electromagnetic Compatibility directives	EC Conformity, pg. 7
Updated year of ICES-003 standard	FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 7
Added Auxiliary I/O input coupling (DC)	Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 9
Added order number for ATS-GPU-NUFFT	Ordering Information, pg. 9
Changes from version 1.6F (May 2019) to version 1.6G	Section, Page
Changed Sampling Rate column to Max. Sample Rate	Feature Table, pg. 1
Added AlazarFrontPanel (for Linux) as benchmarking tool	Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate, pg. 2
Replaced signal sine wave requirement with high slew rate for external clock sign	al Optional External Clock, pg. 5
Removed qualified metrology lab as option for recalibrating ATS9870	Calibration, pg. 5
Specified Windows 7 version support, re-ordered list of operating systems, and	Support for Windows, pg. 6

added end-of-support notice for Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2		
Specified Linux distributions: CentOS, Debian, and Ubuntu	Linux Support, pg	. 6
Clarified specifications by separating Fast and Slow External Clock changed fast external clock signal level from " $\pm 200$ mV" to "500 mV <sub>P-P</sub> to 2 V <sub>P</sub> .	Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg	. 8
Changed signal level from ±200 mV to 500 mV <sub>P-P</sub> , removed sine wave requirement	Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg	. 8

Corrected Output types (removed Busy Output and added Pacer Output)

### Changes from version 1.6E (Jan 2019) to version 1.6F

Changes from version 1.6D (Sept 2018) to version 1.6E	Section, Page
Removed ATS-GMA order numbers (ATSGMA-001, ATSGMA-101)	Ordering Information, pg. 9
Specified that listed Pre-trigger depth applies to NPT mode	Acquisition Memory System, pg. 8
Updated Trademark information	pg. 7
Added section Extended Warranty	Extended Warranty, pg. 6
Removed ATS-GMA section as this product is being discontinued	ATS-GMA, pg. 6
Updated ATS-GPU benchmarks (FFTs per second, number of channels, and GPU)	ATS-GPU, pg. 6

### Changes from version 1.6D (Sept 2018) to version 1.6E

Updated Sanctions List URL Updated Trademark information

### Changes from version 1.6C (Jan 2018) to version 1.6D

Updated RoHS Compliance to RoHS 3 Clarified Operating System Support Added Recommended Motherboards or PCs Correction of trigger engines: changed to J and K (instead of X and Y)

### Section, Page

Global change

Features & Feature Table, pg. 1

Export Control Classification, pg. 6

Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. 9

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  - Triggering, pg. 4

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Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input,	pg.	8
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Triggering System,	pg.	9
TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input,	pg.	9
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	Software Development Kits, ATS-GPU, ATS-GMA, Support for Windows, Acquisition System, Acquisition Memory System, Amplifier Bypass Mode, Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, Triggering System, TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O),	Continued)Section, PagSoftware Development Kits, pg. ATS-GPU, pg. ATS-GMA, pg. Support for Windows, pg. pg. Acquisition System, pg. Acquisition Memory System, pg. Amplifier Bypass Mode, pg. Optional ECLK (External Clock) Input, pg. Optional 10 MHz Reference PLL Input, pg. Triggering System, pg. TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O), pg. Ordering Information, pg.

### Changes from version 1.6B (Oct 2017) to version 1.6C

Added note about NPT Footers Added section on External Trigger Input Added CNRC as calibration standard Added -BASE and -OCT to ATS-GPU description for clarity Corrected size of card Updated email address

### Changes from version 1.6A (Sept 2017) to version 1.6B

Updated description for product ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101

### Changes from version 1.5A (Jan 2013) to version 1.6A

Added Python to list of supported languages for Software Development Kit Features, pg. 1 Added Python & LabVIEW to list of supported languages for ATS-SDK, removed ATS-VI Overview, pg. 1 Added 2-slot-spacing SyncBoards (-W models) Master/Slave Systems, pg. 4 Removed Hardware Averaging Firmware (order number ATS9870-014) Hardware Averaging Firmware, pg. 5 Modified AlazarDSO description AlazarDSO Software, pg. 5 Modified Software Development Kit description: added Python support, removed ATS-VI Software Development Kit, pg. 5 Replaced section GPU Based Signal Processing with new ATS-GPU section ATS-GPU, pg. 6 Changed section title from ATS-Linux to Linux Support, and modified description Linux Support, pg. 6 Added Export Control Classification information Export Control Classification, pg. 6 Added section on RoHS compliance RoHS Compliance, pg. 6 EC Conformity, pg. 6 Added section on EC Conformity Added section on FCC & ICES-003 Compliance FCC & ICES-003 Compliance, pg. 6 Updated External Trigger Input Impedance to 50  $\Omega$ TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input, pg. 8 Updated list of Certification and Compliances Certification and Compliances, pg. 8 Corrected product names for ATS9870-007, ATS9360-011, ATS9360-012, ATS-SDK Ordering Information, pg. 8 Removed products ATS9870-008, ATS9870-009, ATS9870-013, ATS9870-014, Ordering Information, pg. 8 ATS9870-LIN, ATS-VI, ATS-GPU. Added products ATS9870-020, ATS9870-021, ATS9870-022, ATS9870-061, Ordering Information, pg. 8 ATS9870-062, ATS9870-063, ATSGPU-001, ATSGPU-101

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